

Oct 2025 | Issue 27



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Oct 2025 | Issue 27 Market Key Notes



September 2025 Market Development

Houthi Missile Attack Escalates Red Sea Risks

Houthi missile strikes Israeli tanker, heightening shipping risks in key global trade corridor.

1 / 9 / 2025 Source: S&P Global

U.S. Court Ruling Fuels Market Uncertainty Over Tariffs

Court decision revives debate on Trump-era tariffs, unsettling investors and trade partners globally.

2 / 9 / 2025 Source: Reuters

China's Export Growth Slowest in Six Months

China's exports slow sharply amid rising U.S. tariff risks and weaker global demand.

8 / 9 / 2025 Source: Reuters

Floods Hit India and Pakistan Agriculture

Severe floods damage crops, disrupt exports, and raise food prices across South Asia.

8 / 9 / 2025 Source: Reuters

Brazil Broadens Steel Import Quotas, Real Strengthens

Brazil widens steel import quotas; real hits 15-month high on resilient trade outlook.

9 / 9 / 2025 Source: Argus

Anglo, Teck Merge to Form Global Metals Group

Anglo and Teck merger reshapes global copper, metals markets amid energy transition and consolidation.

10 / 9 / 2025 Source: Argus

Commodities Could Enter New Supercycle

Analysts see renewed global commodity boom driven by strong demand and limited supply growth.

18 / 9 / 2025 Source: Reuters

Indonesia, EU Seal Trade Deal to Offset Tariffs

Indonesia and EU finalize trade deal to counter U.S. tariffs and deepen resource cooperation.

23 / 9 / 2025 Source: Reuters

Trump Administration Expands Coal Leasing and Tariffs

U.S. expands coal leasing, considers new tariffs on trucks and auto parts, boosting protectionism.

29 / 9 / 2025 Source: Reuters

Key Report Points

Fleet Commentary

P8

- BDI rose 6.2% m-o-m to 2,124 points, while Chinese newbuilding prices continued a 13-month decline.
- Sixteen new dry bulkers ordered, all in China, including methanol and ammonia dual-fuel designs.
- Secondhand sales rose 16%, led by Handysize and Supramax vessels; demolition volumes and prices softened slightly.

Iron Ore Commentary

P12

- China announced countermeasures against US Section 301 tariffs
- China Steel industry PMI continued to decline
- Mixed market expectations for October steel demand

Coal Commentary

15

- India rebounds on policy shift; China curbs output on inspections.
- Indonesia dips on suspensions; Australia steady on approvals.
- Ukraine surges 262 % on exports; Turkey leads buying.

Grain Commentary

P20

- Soybeans: US Soy faces triple threat.
- Corn: Record US Output, Robust Exports.
- Wheat & Barley: Higher US and Australian Output, Black Sea Cuts.

Freight Commentary

P31

- USTR fees spark vessel hesitancy, finance-lease uncertainty.
- China skips US soybeans, leans on Brazil.
- Capesize tradeflows shift toward Guinea-China and Sub-capesize rates lifted by North Atlantic tightness

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Global Fleet Overview

MIn DWT

Vessel Type	Existing Fleet in Number	Total DWT in Mln	Orderbook in Number	Orderbook in Mln	Orderbook % of Fleet
VLOC	261	81	29	9	11.1%
CAPE	1618	304	176	36	10.9%
SMALL CAPE	12	2			
BABY CAPE	161	18	2	0	1.2%
OVER PANAMAX	536	49	64	6	11.9%
KAMSARMAX	1710	140	357	29	20.9%
PANAMAX	1055	79	2	0	0.2%
ULTRAMAX	1661	105	419	27	25.2%
SUPRAMAX	2030	113	15	1	0.7%
HANDYMAX	778	35	182	7	23.4%
HANDYSIZE	2313	78	71	3	3.1%
MINIBULK	1448	17	103	1	7.1%
TOTAL	13583	1022	1420	119	10.5%

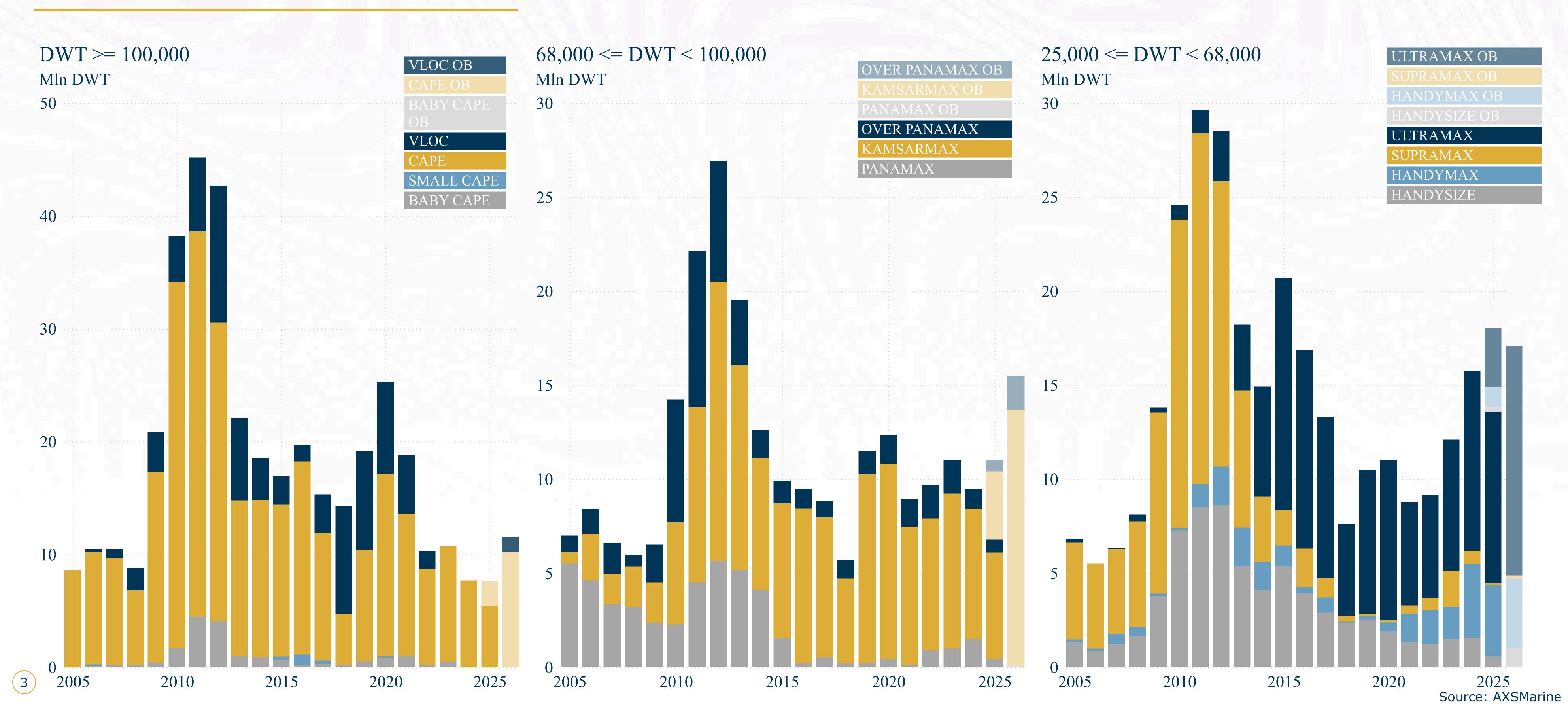
Global Fleet Development Mln DWT -10%

• ACTIVE • DEMOLISHED • ON ORDER —— Growth Rate of Active Fleet

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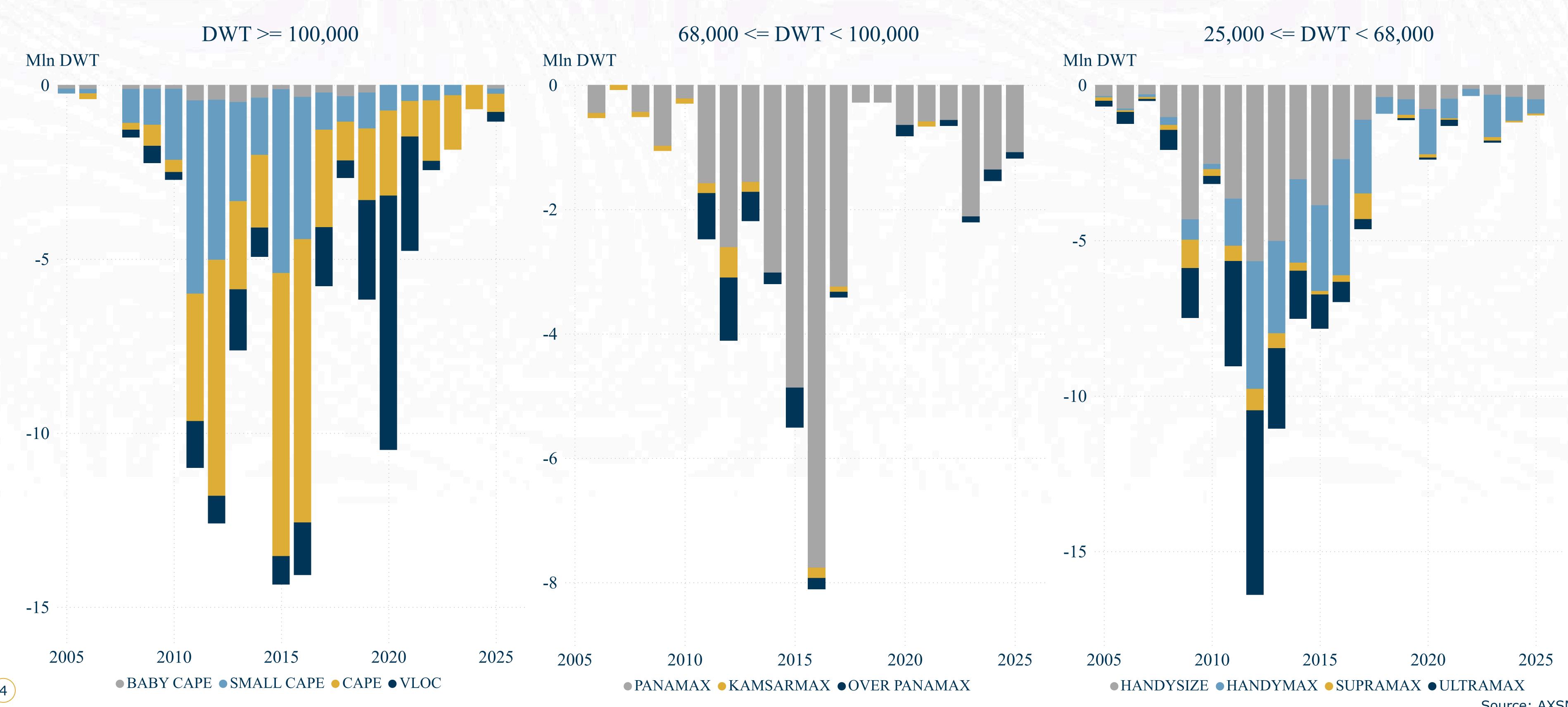
Deliveries & Orderbook Breakdown



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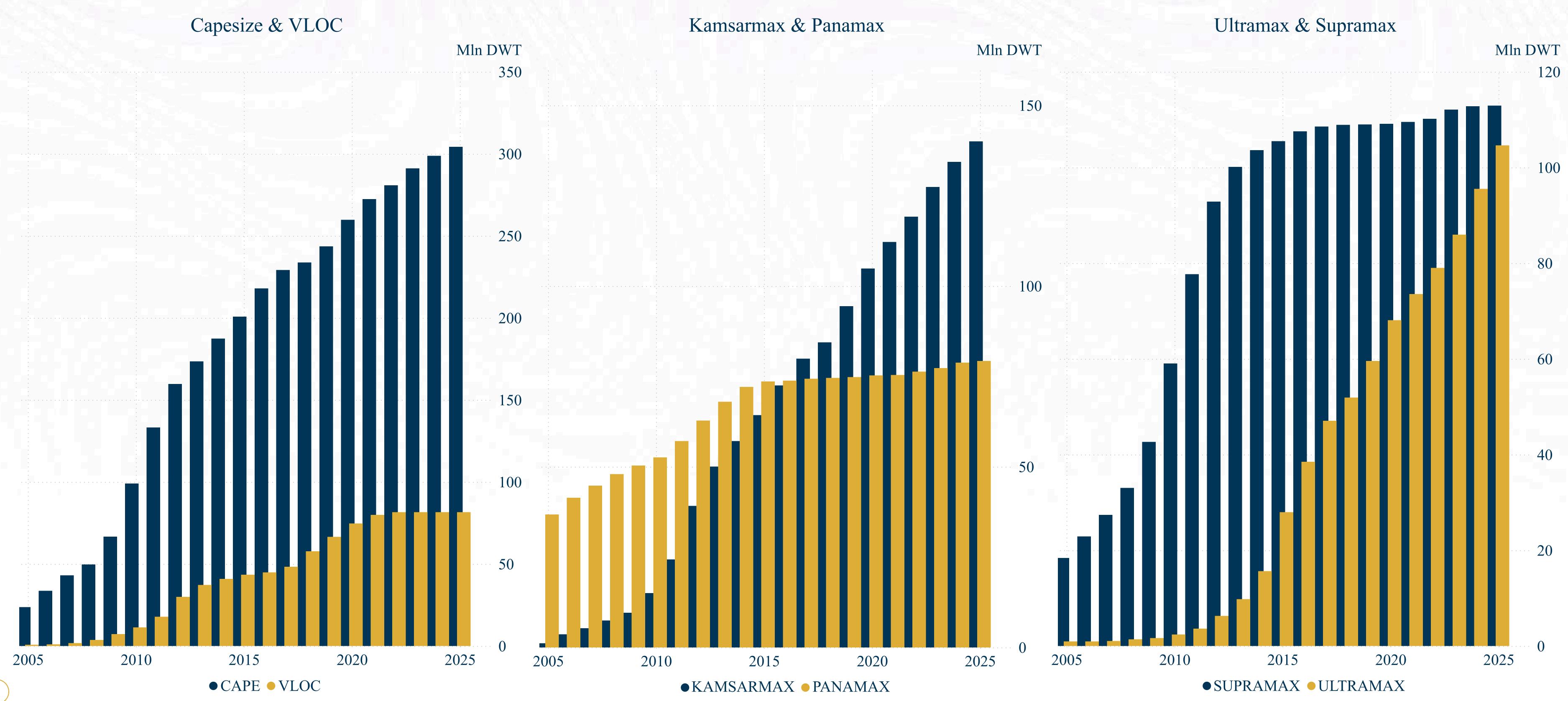
Demolition



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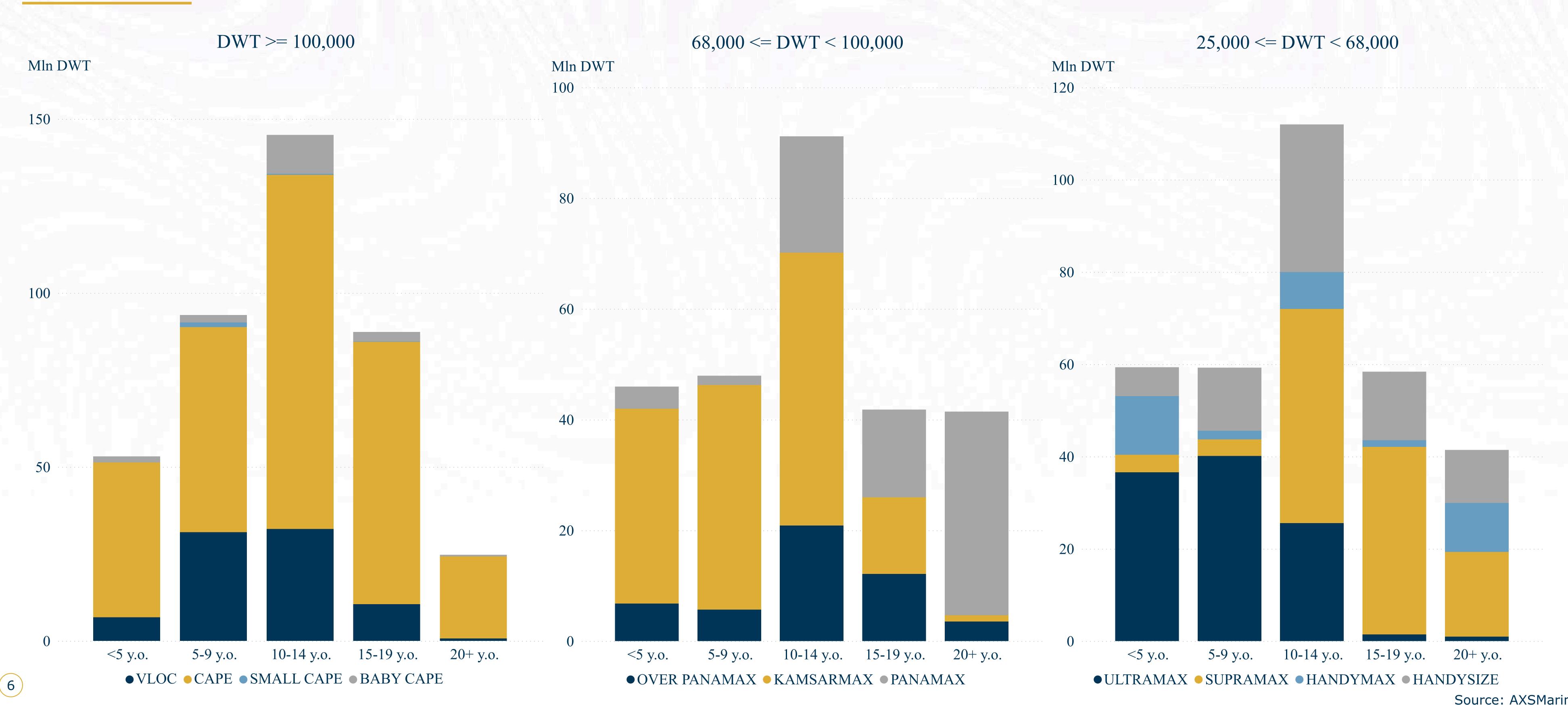
Fleet Growth



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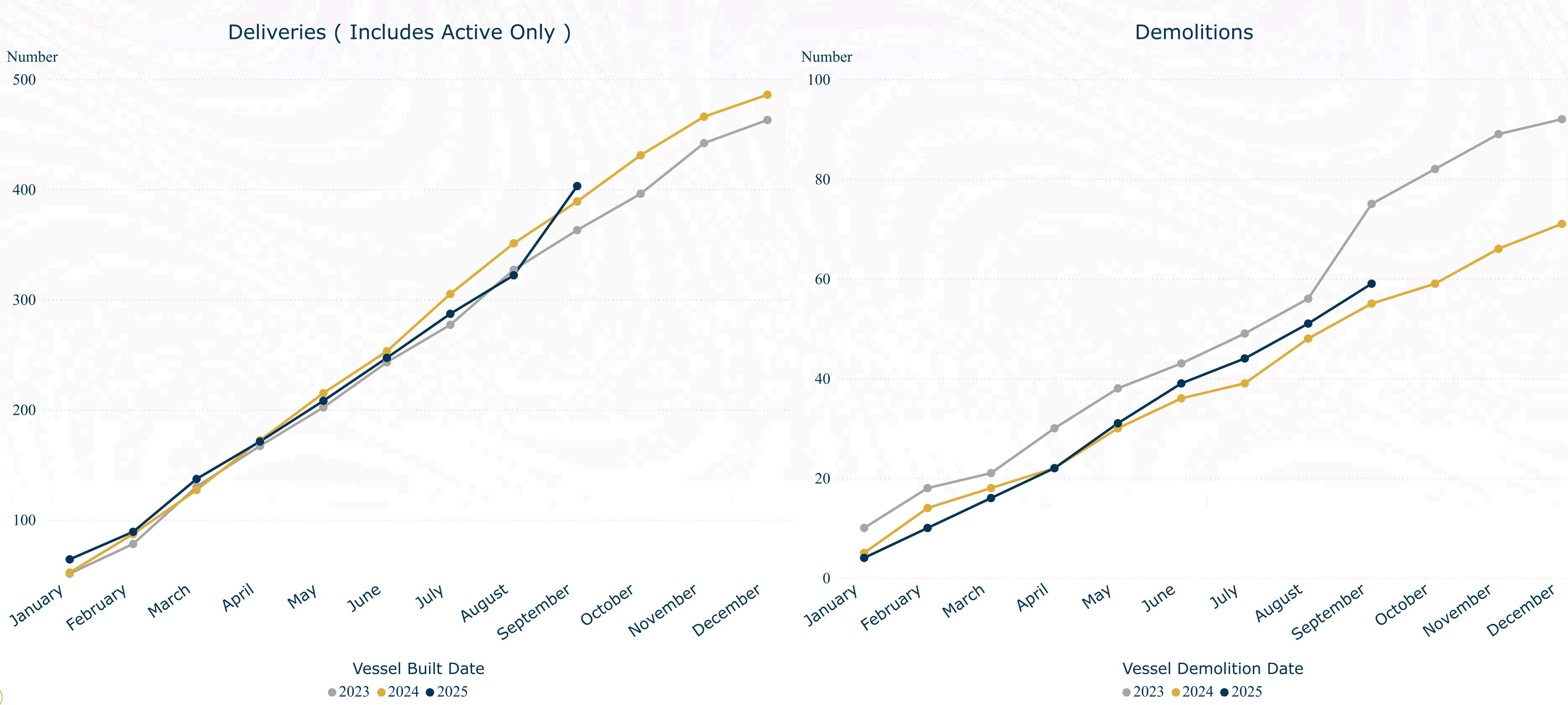
Age Profile



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YTD Evolution (Cumulative Count)



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Analysis

In September, the Baltic Dry Index (BDI) averaged 2,124 points, marking a 6.2% increase m-o-m to remain 8.1% above one year earlier. Meanwhile, the Chinese Newbuilding Price Index (CNPI) edged down by 0.1% m-o-m in September to 1,106 points. The index has now been on a downward trend for 13 consecutive months. The China Newbuilding Dry Bulker Price Index (CNDPI) dipped by 0.4% to 1,122 points. All dry bulker prices declined compared to August. Among them, Handysizes and Ultramaxes saw the largest monthly declines of 0.37% and 0.51%, respectively, to stand at \$29.62 million and \$33.19 million.

Dry bulker orders rebounded to 16 in September; an increase of 8 units compared to August but still 54 units fewer than one year earlier. Of the 16 new orders, 2 were Capesizes, 2 were Kamsarmaxes, 11 were Ultramaxes and 1 was a Handysize. All these orders were placed at Chinese shipyards. Notably, two of the Kamsarmaxes are methanol dual-fuel ships, while two of the Newcastemaxes will be built by Beihai Shipyard and are understood to be either ammonia or methanol ready.

The dry bulker orderbook to active fleet ratio stands at 10.5%. Handymaxes and Ultramaxes account for the majority of the orderbook with 23.4% and 25.2%, respectively. Meanwhile, 50 bulkers for 3.41 mln Dwt were delivered in September, pushing the global dry bulk fleet to 1,044 mln Dwt, 3.28% above one year earlier.

There were 64 secondhand transactions in September, up 16% m-o-m and 1.6% higher y-o-y. The increase was primarily driven by Supramaxes and Handysizes, Supramaxes maintained last month's momentum, as 24 units changed hands. Handysize transactions increased by 114% m-o-m to 15 units. Prices for 5-year-old Handysizes and Ultramaxes rose by 0.7% and 1.4%, respectively, reaching \$25.53 million and \$31.48 million. Prices for both segments appear to have stabilized since August. In addition, the average age of Handysize and Supramax vessels sold during the month stood at 15 and 16 years, respectively.

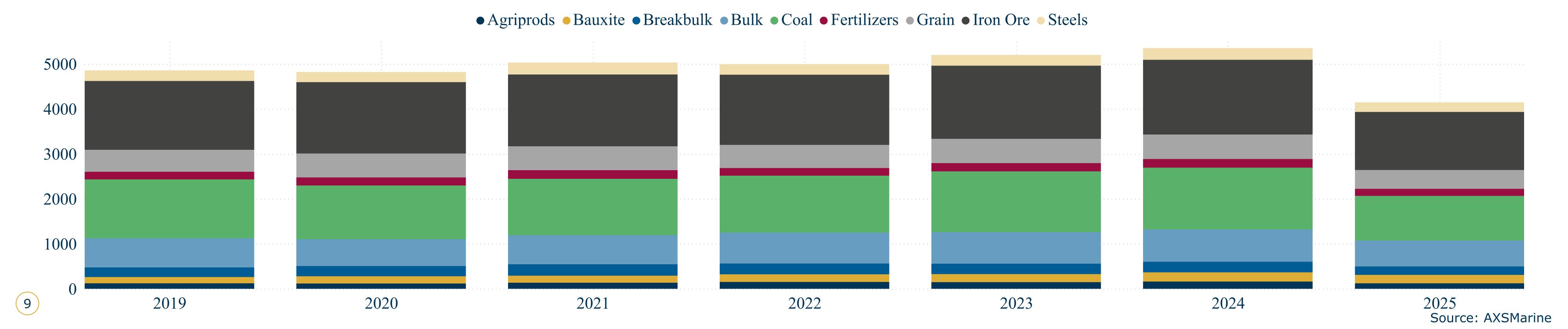
In deadweight terms, seven dry bulkers for a combined 0.40 mln Dwt were demolished in September. Notably, in an unusual move, one minbulker and one handysize were scrapped in Turkey. Currently, the demolished price for dry bulk carrier demolition is around \$406/ldt, 1.2% lower m-o-m. However, prices in India have shown signs of softening of late, having recently dipped below the \$406 mark to \$390/ldt.

Oct 2025 | Issue 27 Commodity Market Overview



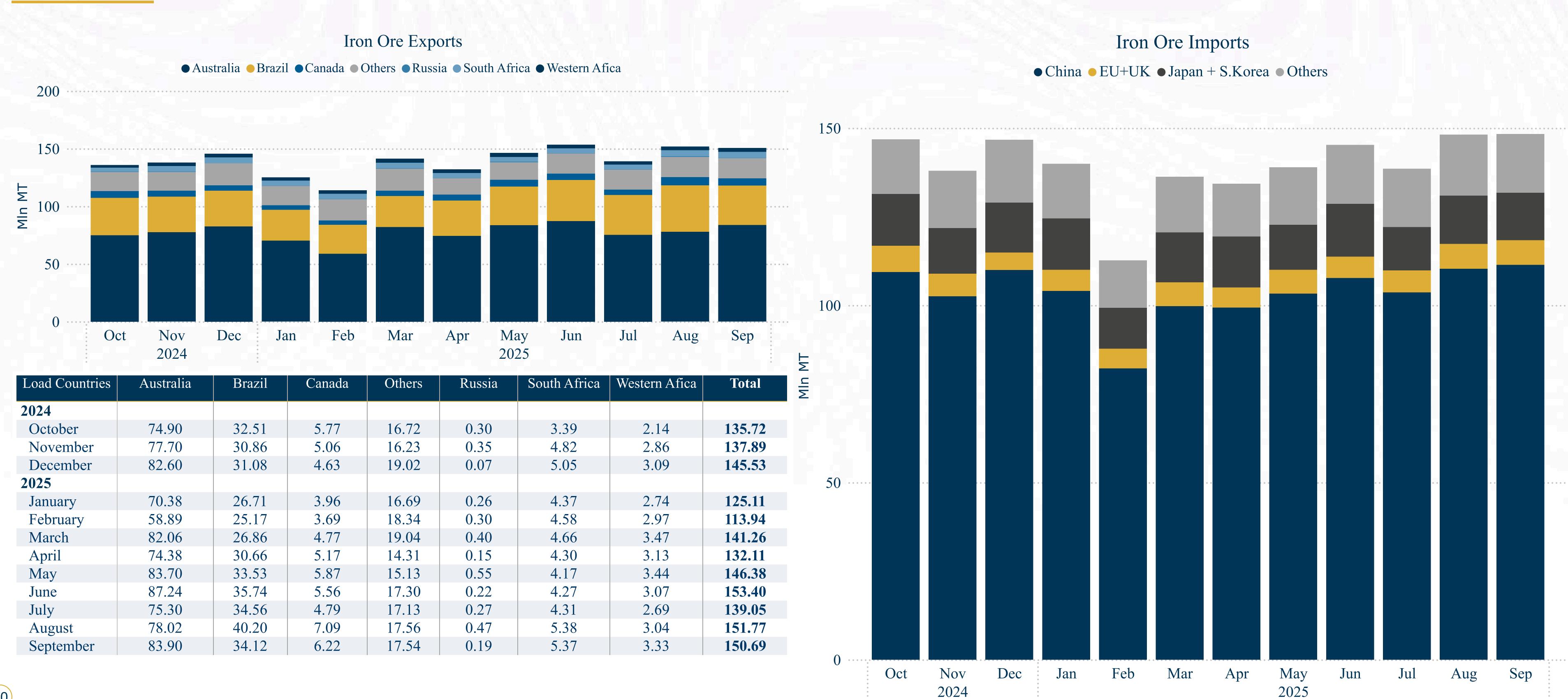
Commodity Market Overview

Commodity (MLN Tons)	2018	2019	2020	2021	2022	2023	2024	2025
Iron Ore	1562	1534	1586	1597	1561	1629	1663	1289
Coal	1260	1307	1193	1249	1263	1347	1372	994
Bulk	626	651	598	650	690	704	716	573
Grain	479	486	533	534	512	540	543	419
Steels	239	232	226	263	234	235	259	211
Breakbulk	209	213	228	254	239	232	239	191
Others / Mini Bulk / Unkonwn	212	223	214	219	226	214	236	226
Fertilizers	170	170	179	191	173	184	196	158
Bauxite	119	142	158	157	171	179	203	187
Agriprods	117	121	121	136	153	148	163	122
Total	4993	5080	5036	5251	5221	5414	5590	4370
Y-o-Y		1.73%	-0.86%	4.26%	-0.56%	3.69%	3.26%	



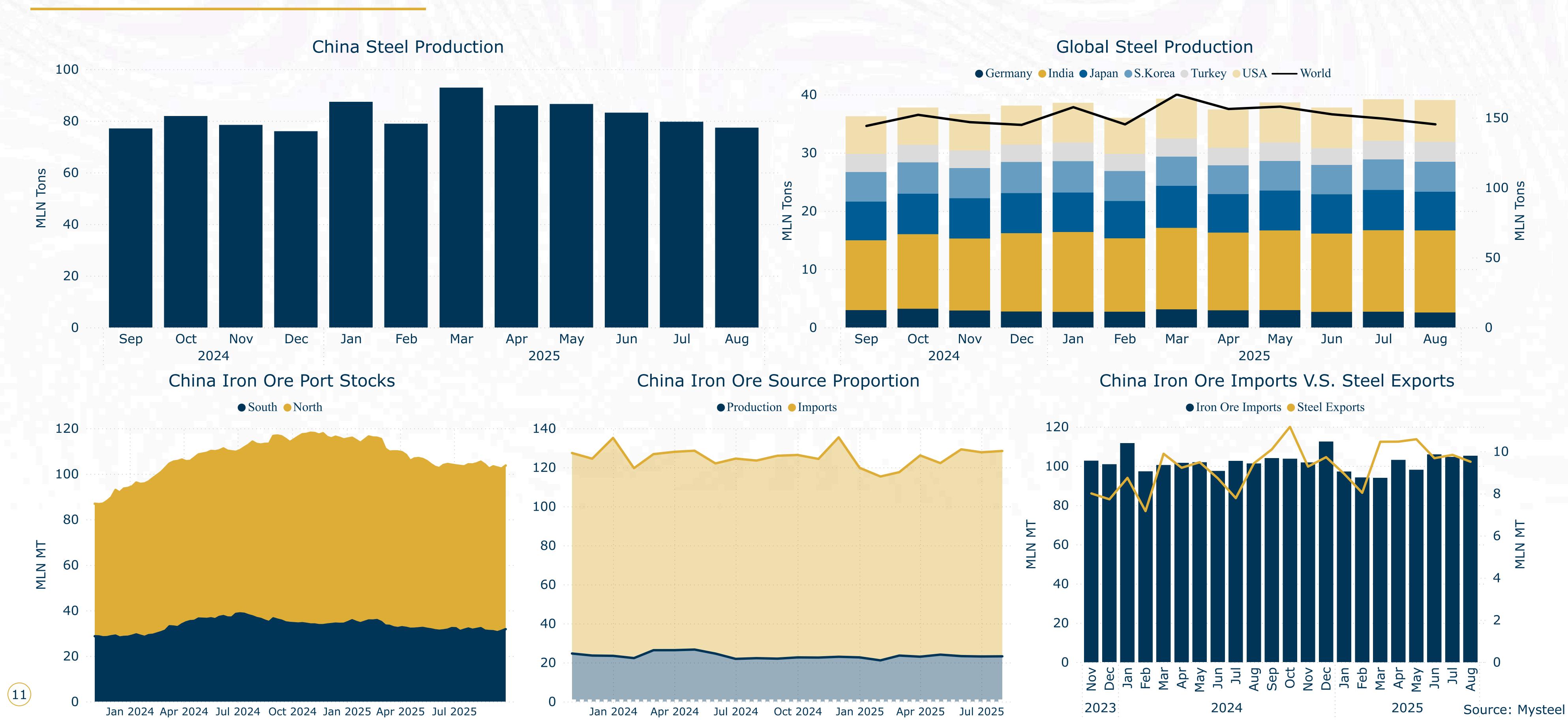


Iron Ore



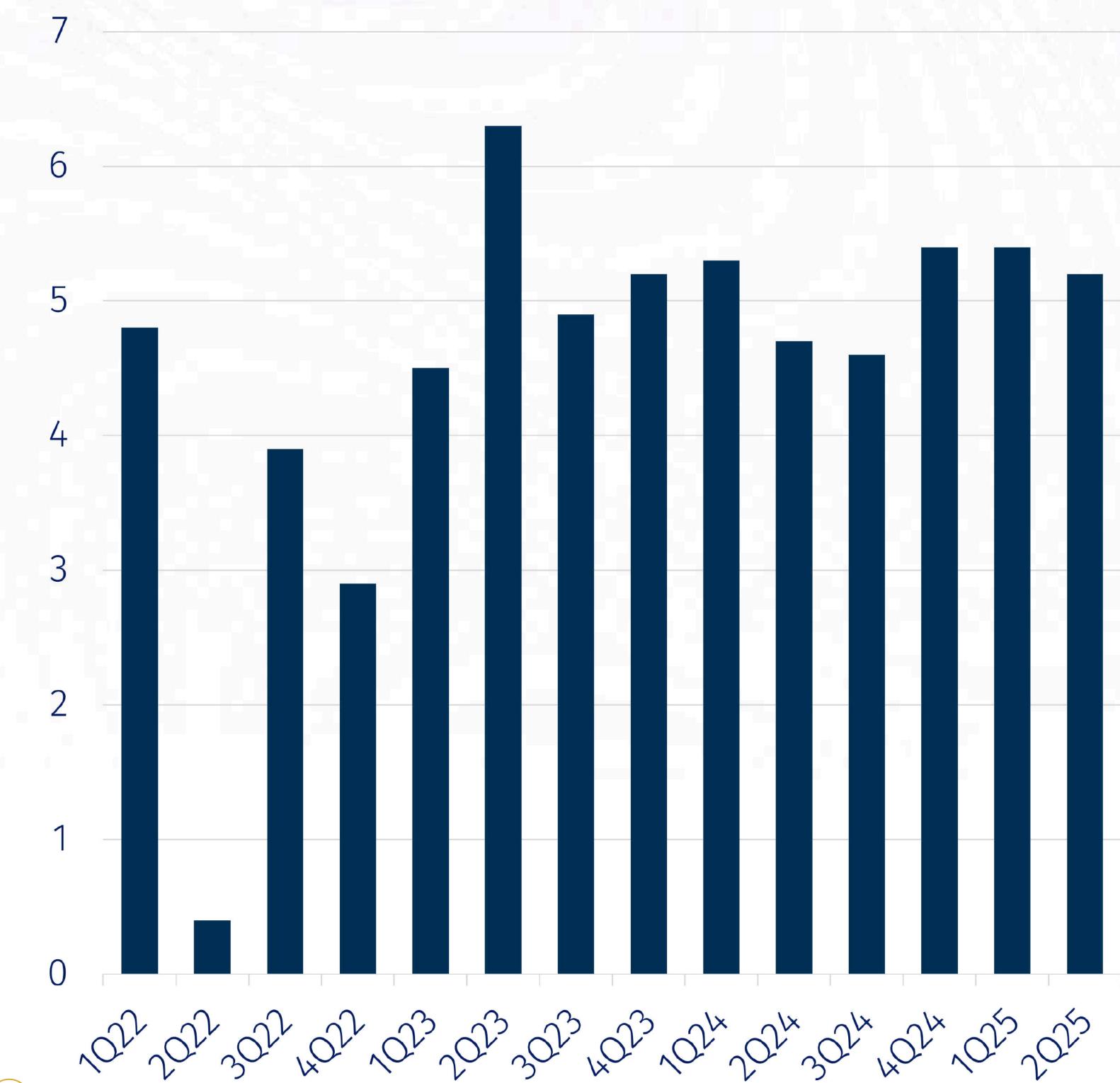
Iron Ore - Influential Factors





Iron Ore - Latest News







Crude steel production for the 70 countries reporting to the World Steel Association totalled 145.3 mln mt in August, up 0.3% y-o-y. China, the world's largest producer, produced 77.4 mln mt, down 0.7%, while India produced 14.1 mln mt (+13.2%). Among other major producers, Japan and South Korea produced 6.6 mln mt (-3.4%) and 5.2 mln mt (-6.1%), respectively. Iran and Germany remained the two countries with the largest y-o-y changes, posting growth rates of +17.9% and -10.5%, to 1.6 mln mt and 2.6 mln mt, respectively.

In September, China's steel industry PMI stood at 47.7%, down 2.1% from the previous month, marking two consecutive months of decline. Although September usually marks the start of the traditional peak season for steel demand, it remained muted this year. While the impact of extreme summer heat has faded, key steel-consuming sectors such as real estate stayed sluggish, infrastructure investment slowed, and persistent autumn rains coupled with typhoons disrupted construction in several coastal regions.

Looking ahead to October, with improved weather conditions, the market expects a notable recovery in steel demand, particularly in northern regions where construction may accelerate before temperatures drop. However, inventory pressure is expected to intensify. Should steel consumption fail to meet expectations, negative sentiment could emerge, and some smaller steel mills may consider production cuts in the latter half of October to mitigate losses.

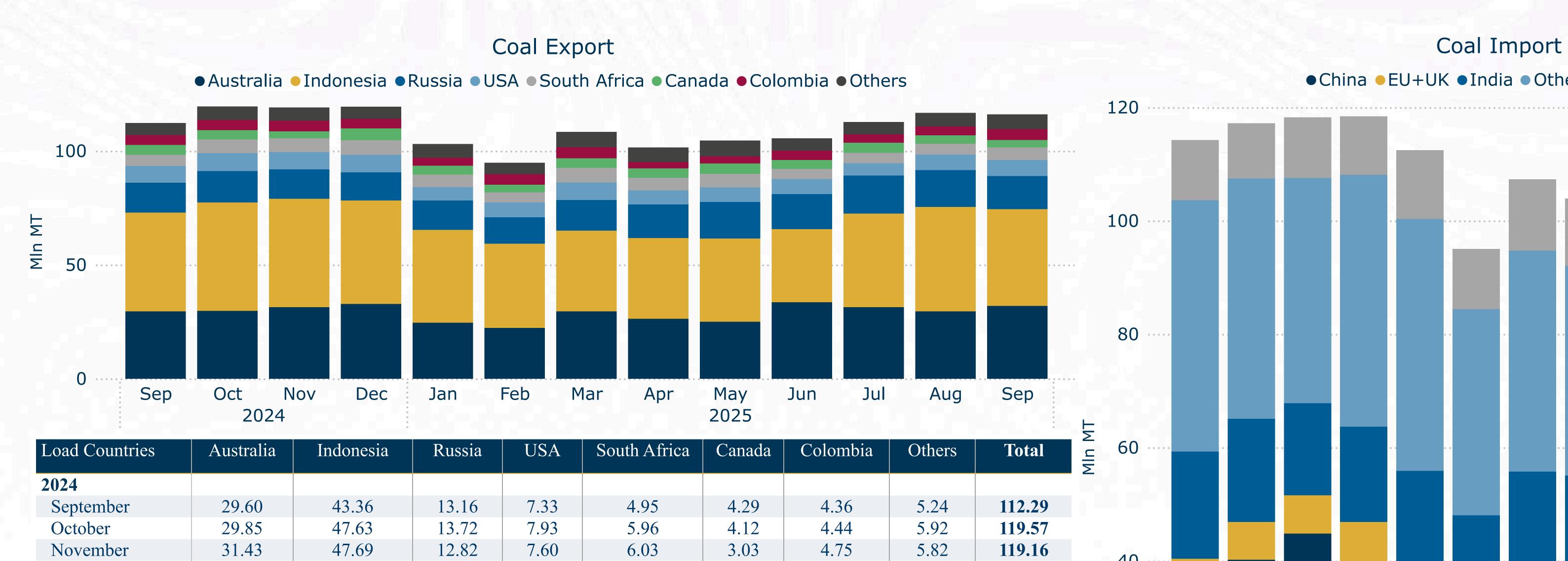
At the macro level, China's retaliatory measures against the US' Section 301 tariffs became a major post-holiday development and have the potential to impact the market by targeting US owned and operated ships. Accordingly, a slowdown in bilateral trade is anticipated.

As China moves toward the final quarter of its 14th Five-Year Plan, policy support is expected to strengthen to help achieve GDP growth targets and inject new confidence into the market. The actual GDP growth rate for 3Q25 is estimated at around 4.8%.

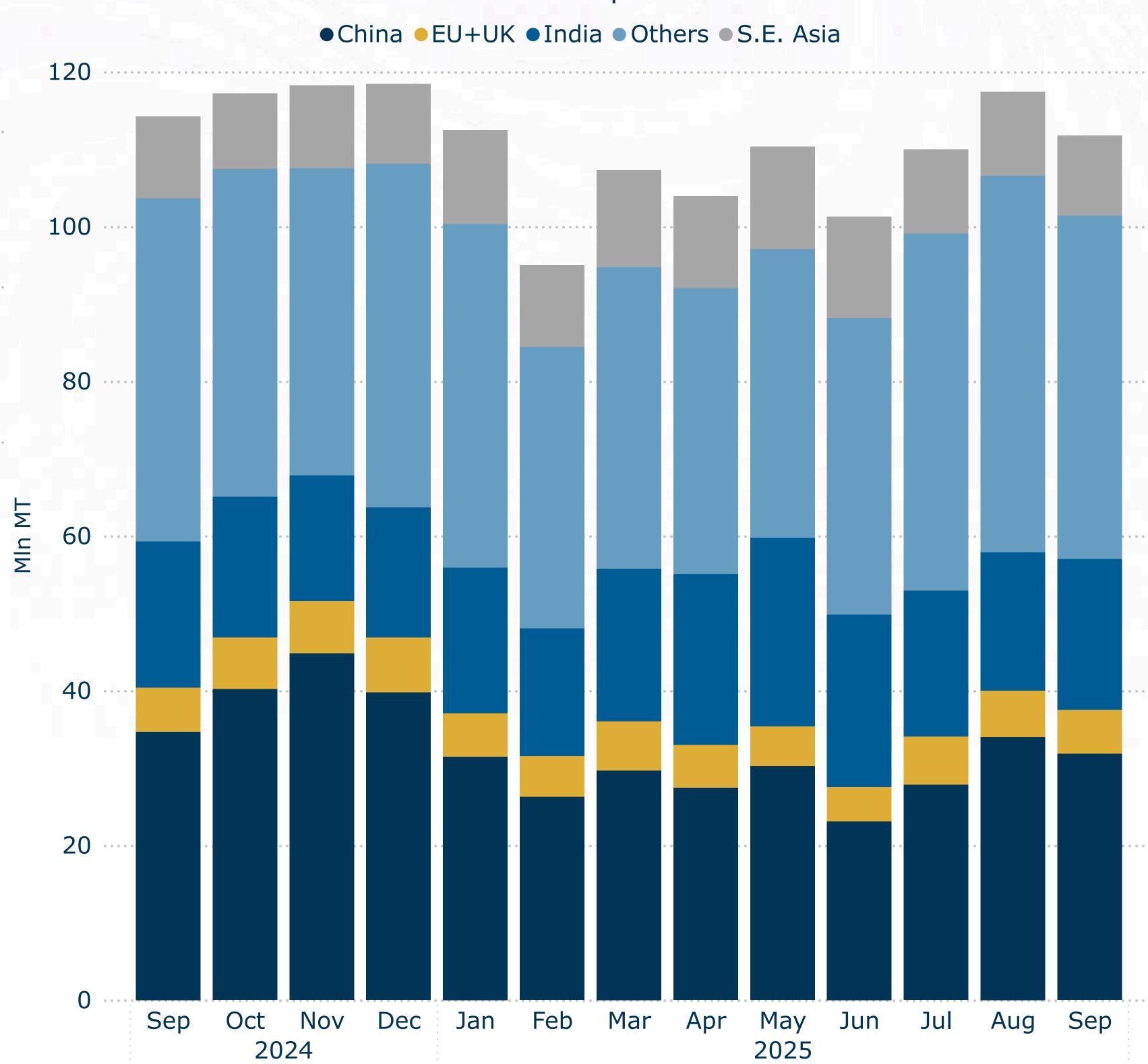
According to AXSMarine data, in August, China's iron ore imports hit 148.2 mln mt, up 6.9% m-o-m. For September, imports are estimated at 148.1 mln mt. Australia shipped 78.0 mln mt of iron ore in August, up 3.6% m-o-m. Brazil's exports rose to 40.2 mln mt, up 16.3% m-o-m. In September, Australia's exports are estimated at 83.9 mln mt, while Brazilian shipments are estimated at 34.1 mln mt.



Coal



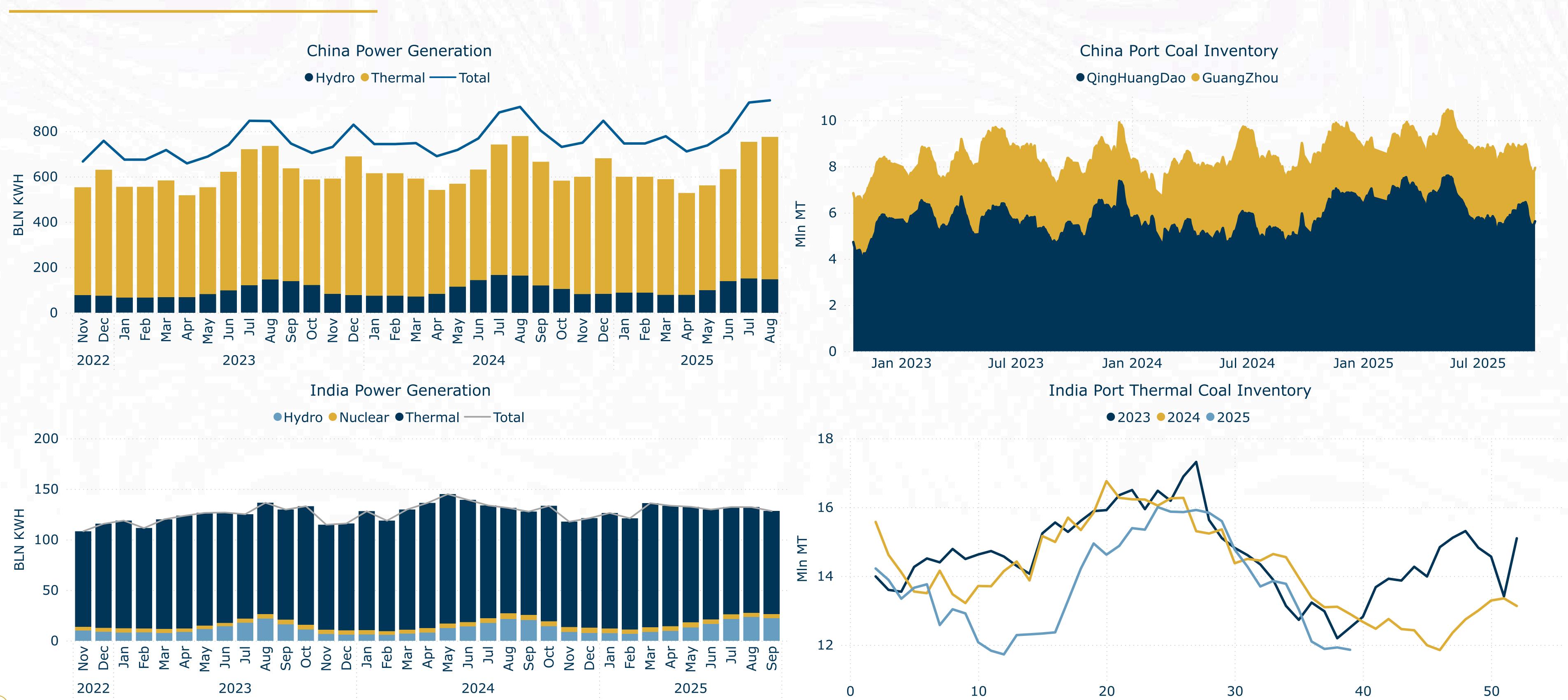
Load Countries	Australia	Indonesia	Russia	USA	South Africa	Canada	Colombia	Others	Total
2024									
September	29.60	43.36	13.16	7.33	4.95	4.29	4.36	5.24	112.29
October	29.85	47.63	13.72	7.93	5.96	4.12	4.44	5.92	119.57
November	31.43	47.69	12.82	7.60	6.03	3.03	4.75	5.82	119.16
December	32.90	45.37	12.46	7.62	6.45	5.15	4.17	5.30	119.42
2025									
January	24.57	40.83	12.90	5.80	5.56	3.95	3.44	5.97	103.03
February	22.35	36.99	11.59	6.50	4.42	3.39	4.60	4.96	94.80
March	29.68	35.35	13.50	7.72	6.37	4.24	4.81	6.67	108.34
April	26.32	35.54	14.65	6.27	5.50	4.13	2.85	6.32	101.59
May	24.99	36.63	16.03	6.40	6.02	4.45	3.14	6.90	104.56
June	33.61	32.09	15.34	6.72	4.46	3.84	4.14	5.32	105.54
July	31.45	41.11	16.62	5.53	4.50	4.46	3.68	5.34	112.68
August	29.59	45.88	16.19	6.82	4.77	3.71	3.85	5.95	116.77
September	32.02	42.48	14.61	6.95	5.52	3.35	4.69	6.47	116.09



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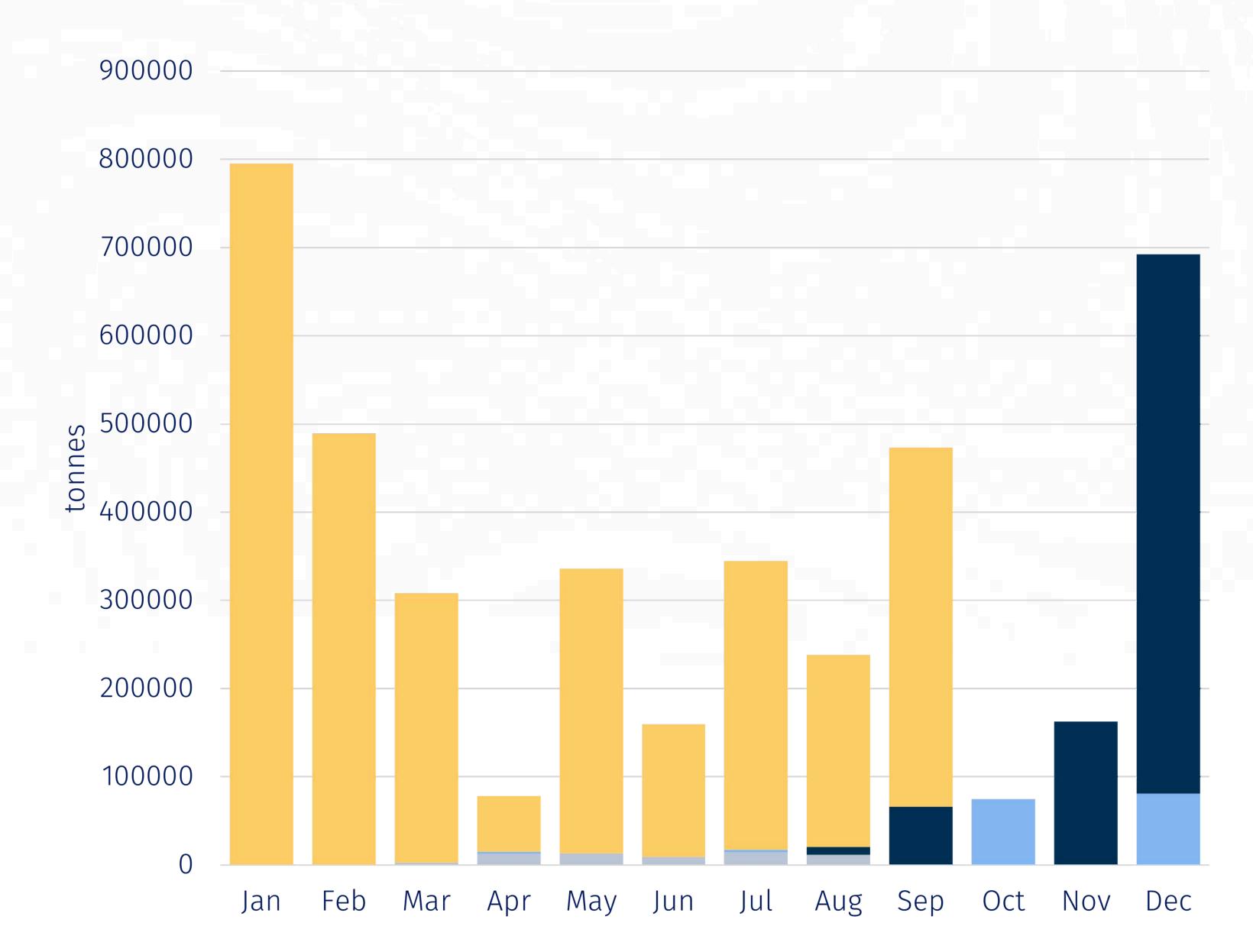
Coal - Influential Factors



Coal - Latest News

Ukraine Coal Shipments by Month (2022–9M2025)

■ 2022 ■ 2023 ■ 2024 ■ 9M2025





India's coal landscape shifted notably in September, marked by a rebound in imports and a major domestic policy revamp. Imports rose 10.6 % more to 19.76 mln mt, ending two months of decline as stronger arrivals from Australia and the US offset a slight easing in Indonesian flows amid ongoing weather disruptions there. Despite the late-quarter recovery, Q3 imports totalled 56.48 mln mt, down 17.9 % q-o-q, reflecting muted power demand through the monsoon season and cautious restocking earlier in the period.

The key policy move of the month came on 4 September, when the Delhi raised the coal consumption tax from 5 % to 18 % while simultaneously scrapping the ₹ 400/mt carbon cess. The restructuring aims to simplify taxation and reduce end-user costs by 6–20 % by improving the competitiveness of domestic supply against imports.

Chinese imports eased 6.4 % m-o-m to 31.81 mln mt after a strong quarter, though Q3 volumes jumped 15.9 % q-o-q on earlier stock-building ahead of regulatory tightening. In mid-September, authorities in Inner Mongolia ordered 15 mines in Ordos to halt output for exceeding production quotas, sidelining about 34.6 mln mt of capacity as part of a nationwide inspection drive to curb overproduction and stabilise prices. On 28 September, the State Council amended maritime transport regulations, introducing reciprocal measures against foreign restrictions on Chinese shipping, although bulk carriers remain unaffected pending further clarification.

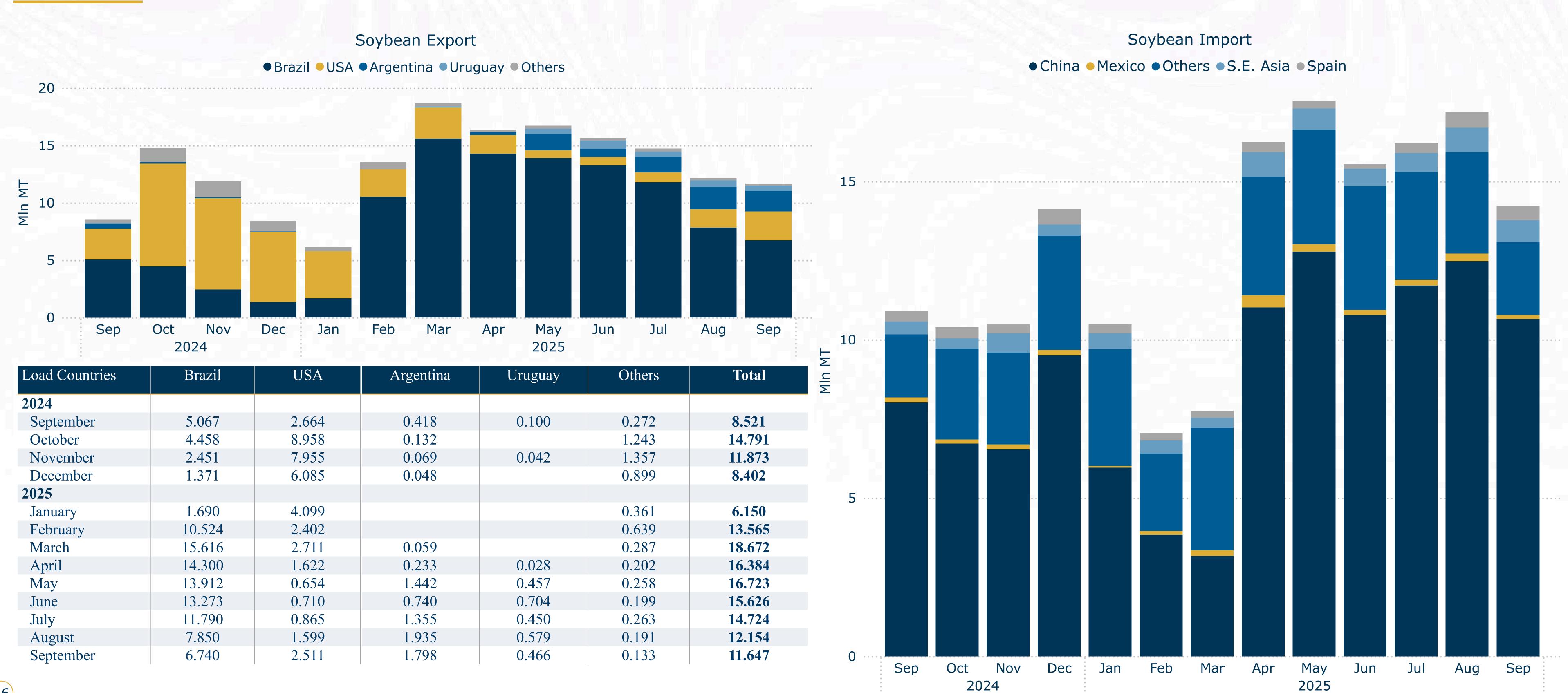
Indonesian loadings fell 8.1 % m-o-m to 42.13 mln mt in September. Yet Q3 exports still climbed 23.9 % q-o-q, supported by solid July and August activity before late September suspensions curbed operations. On 22 September, the Energy Ministry suspended 190 mining firms, including 90 coal operators, for up to 60 days over environmental violations across Jambi, Kalimantan, Sulawesi and South Sumatra, marking one of Jakarta's strongest enforcement drives in years.

Australian loadings slipped 7.6 % m-o-m to 31.67 mln mt after two strong months, although Q3 exports edged 1.2 % higher q-o-q. On 3 September, Canberra approved Glencore's Ulan mine extension through 2035, allowing 18.8 mln mt of additional output. Meanwhile, BHP Mitsubishi Alliance confirmed 750 job cuts across Queensland operations amid profitability pressure from elevated royalty rates.

Ukrainian coal exports have surged through 2025, with cumulative shipments reaching 3 mln mt by end-September, a 262 % increase over 2024. Monthly flows have accelerated since December 2024, underscoring the resilience of Ukraine's Black Sea export corridors despite wartime constraints. Turkey remains the primary buyer, leveraging proximity and competitive pricing. The surge reflects producers' strategic shift toward foreign markets as domestic consumption stays subdued. Indeed, this signals a rare export-driven rebound in an otherwise disrupted energy sector.

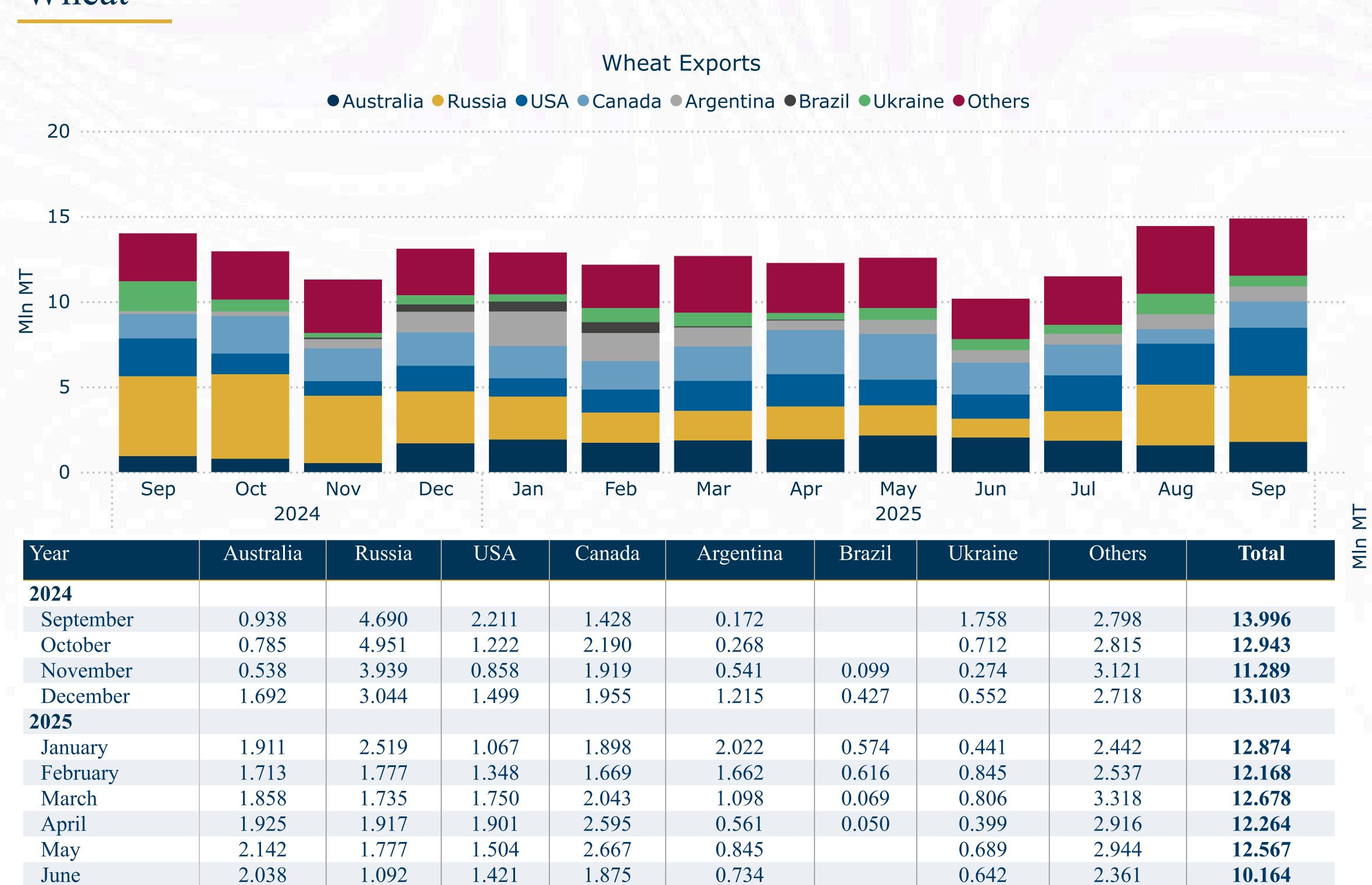


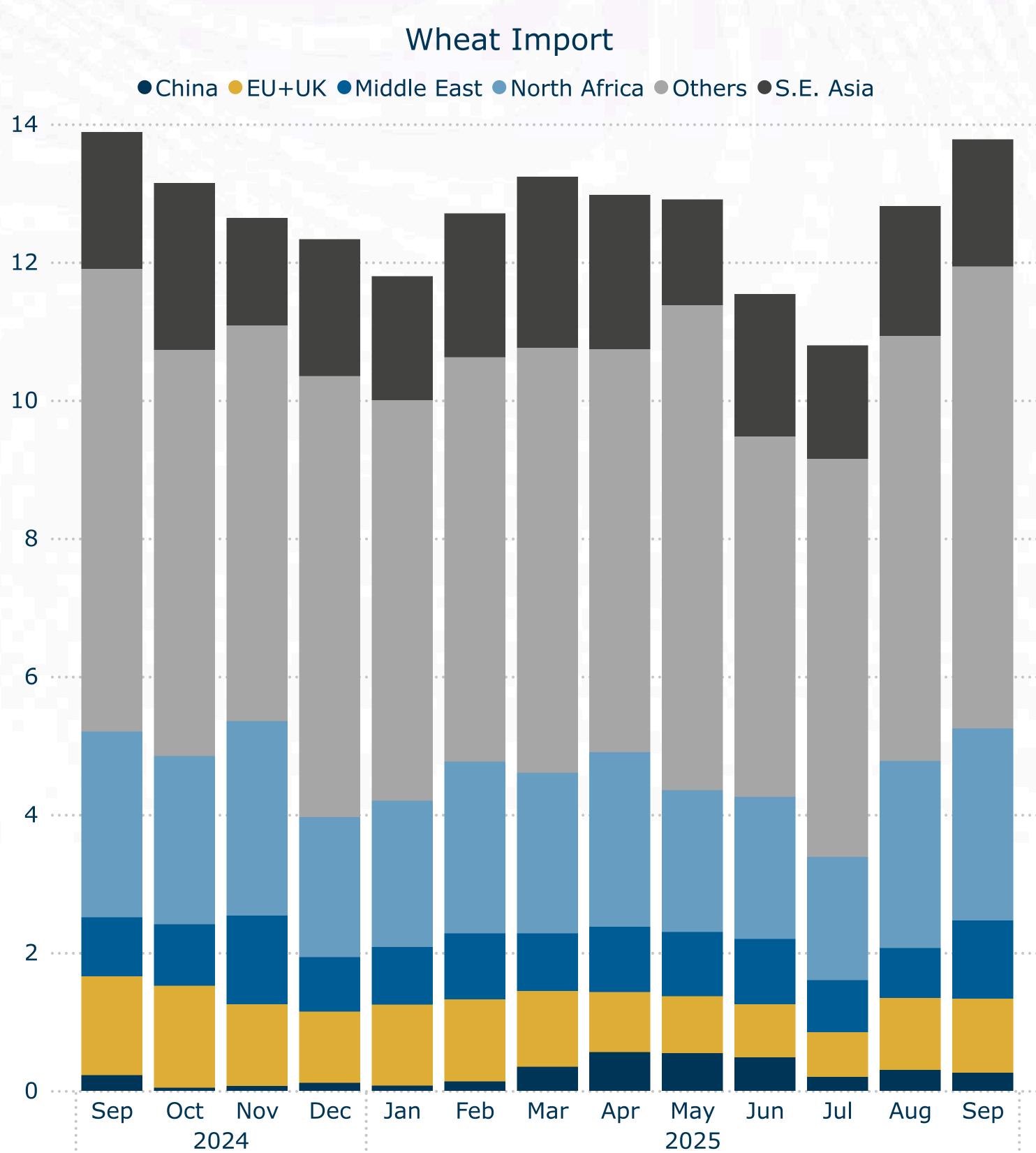
Soybean





Wheat





July

August

September

1.837

1.569

1.766

1.738

3.553

3.891

2.099

2.411

2.803

1.810

0.858

1.548

0.630

0.862

0.877

0.525

1.209

0.629

2.836

3.969

3.345

11.476

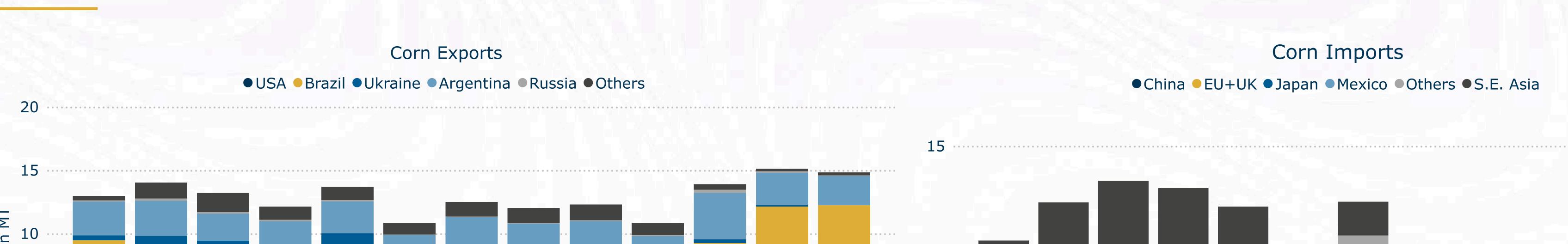
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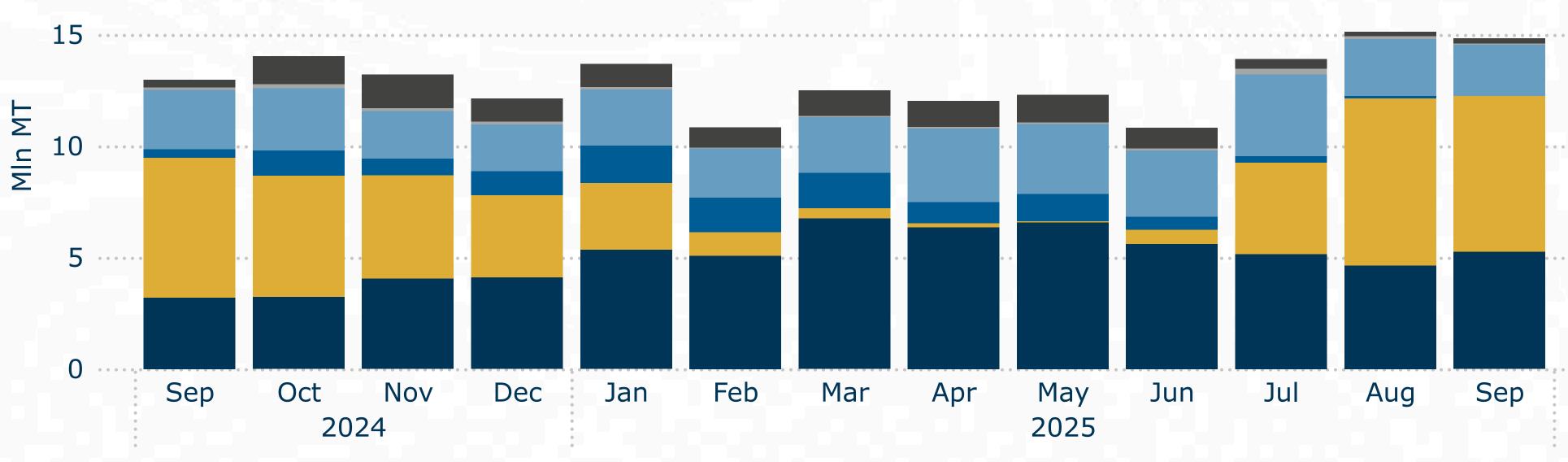
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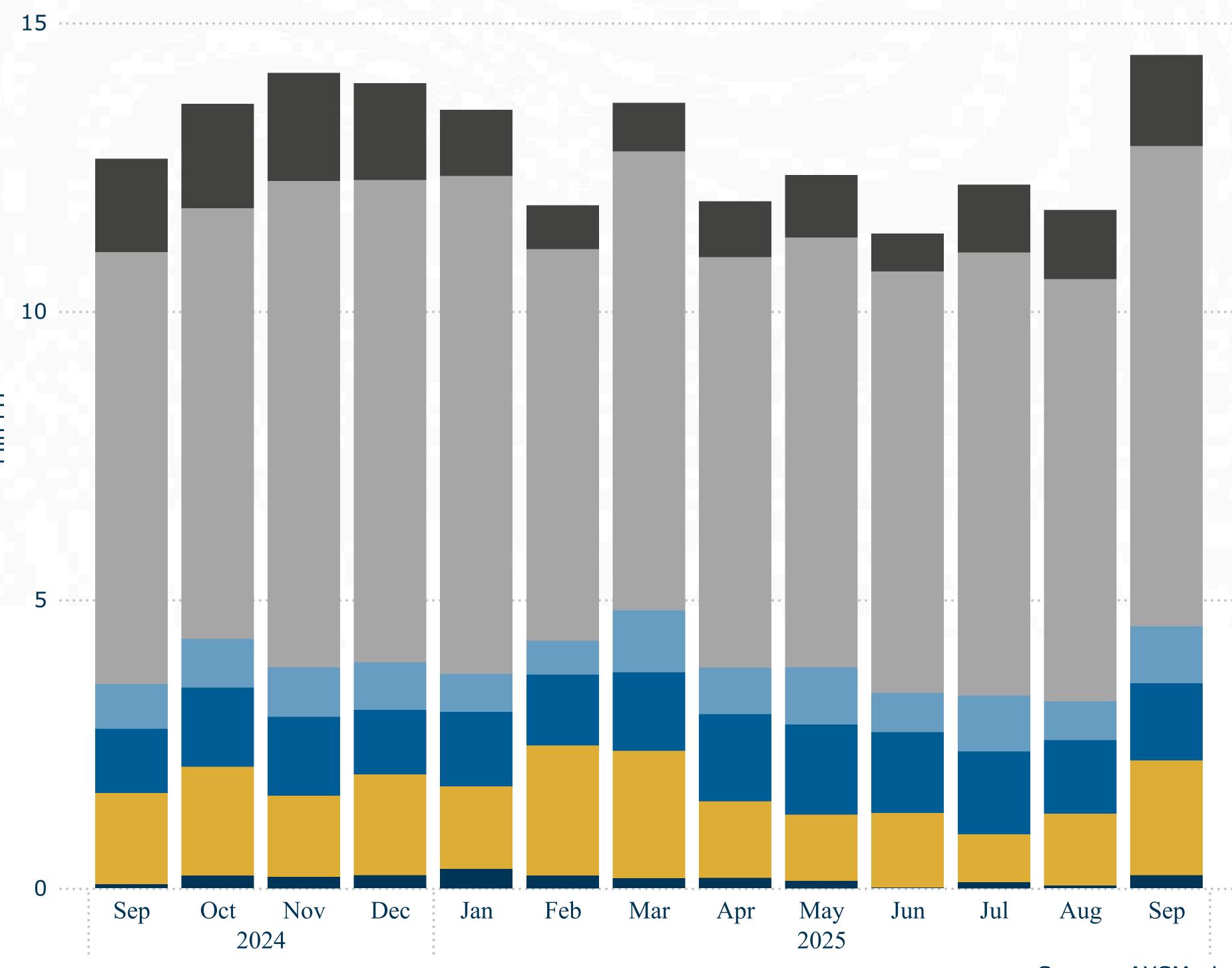


Corn





Year	USA	Brazil	Ukraine	Argentina	Russia	Others	Total
2024							
September	3.212	6.266	0.389	2.662	0.103	0.333	12.964
October	3.243	5.423	1.145	2.783	0.181	1.256	14.031
November	4.050	4.646	0.744	2.136	0.136	1.508	13.220
December	4.121	3.687	1.077	2.090	0.140	1.026	12.141
2025							
January	5.363	2.980	1.691	2.511	0.099	1.033	13.678
February	5.093	1.043	1.562	2.198	0.034	0.911	10.841
March	6.751	0.468	1.585	2.507	0.039	1.145	12.495
April	6.352	0.190	0.952	3.298	0.076	1.157	12.025
May	6.578	0.064	1.224	3.123	0.081	1.232	12.302
June	5.605	0.649	0.576	2.977	0.082	0.924	10.813
July	5.154	4.116	0.281	3.665	0.266	0.422	13.904
August	4.643	7.514	0.091	2.563	0.122	0.194	15.127
September	5.269	6.980	0.002	2.306	0.042	0.234	14.834

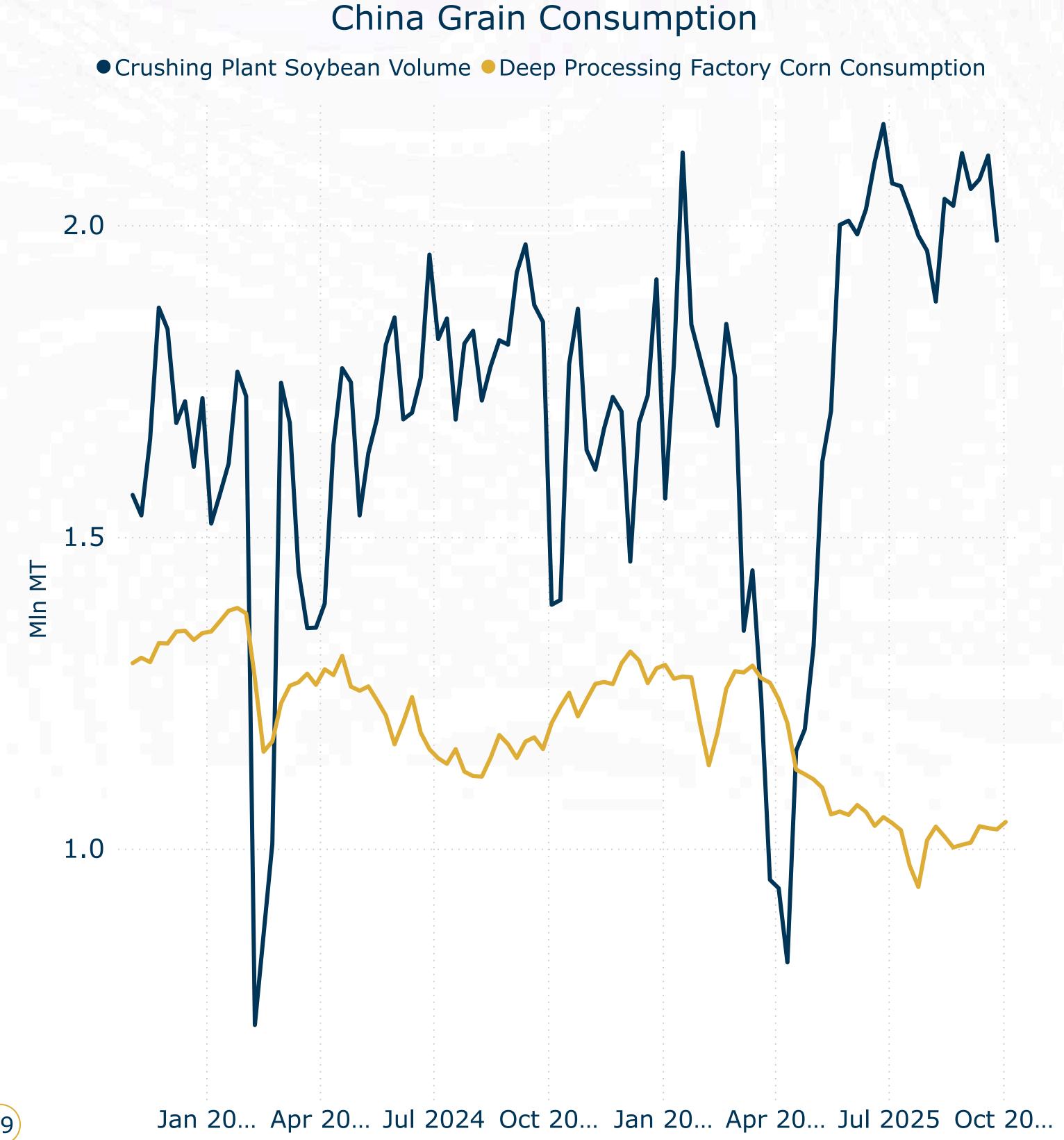


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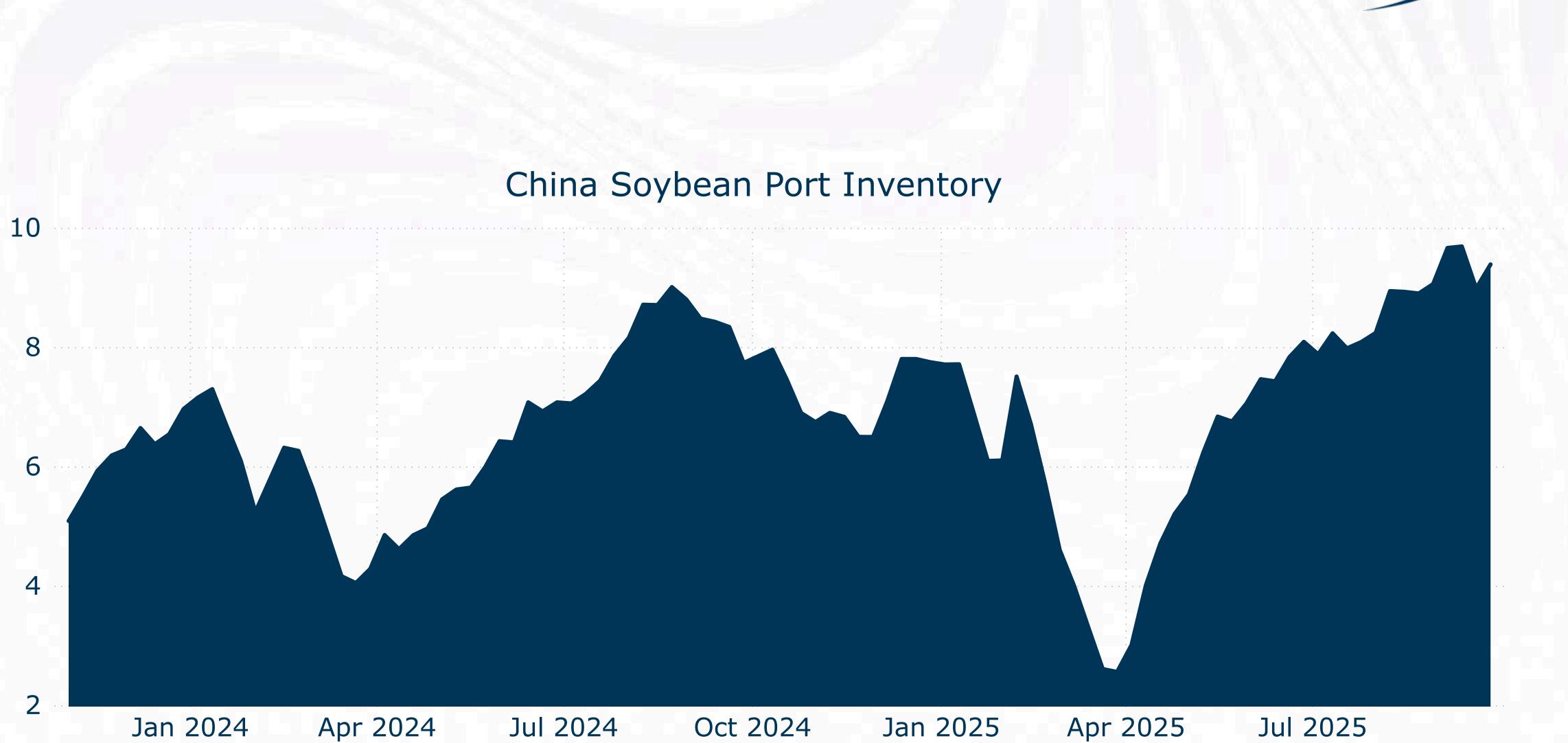
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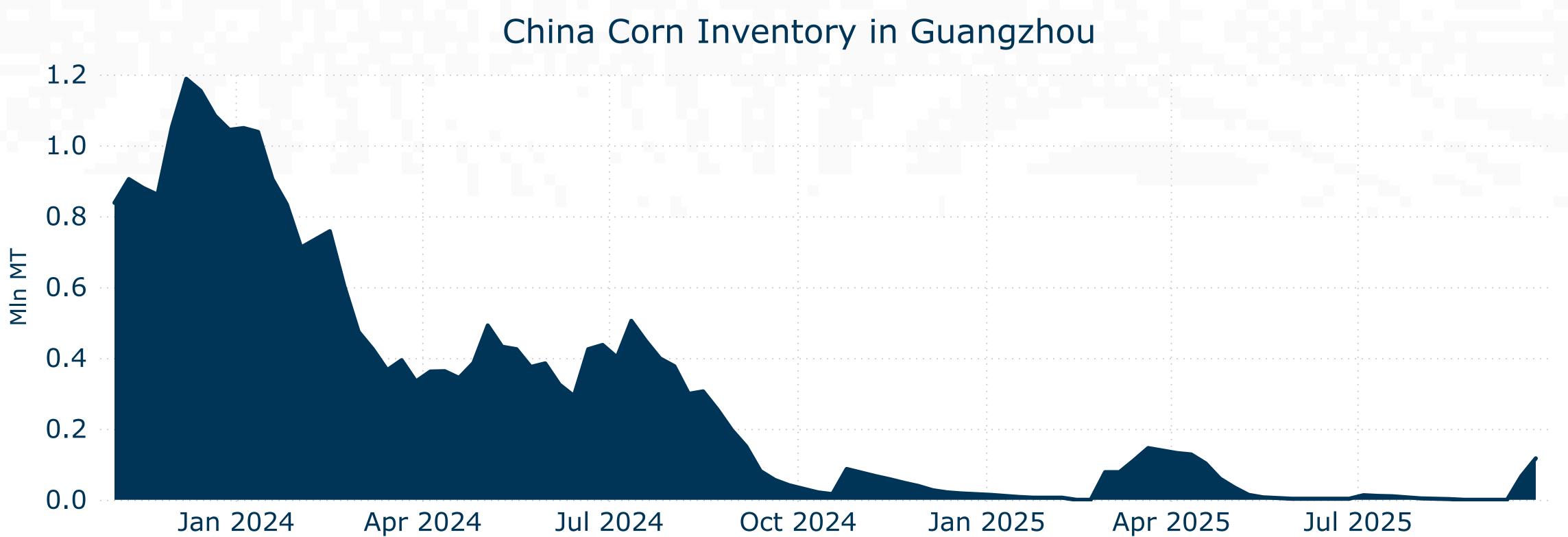
Grain - Influential Factors





MIn MT

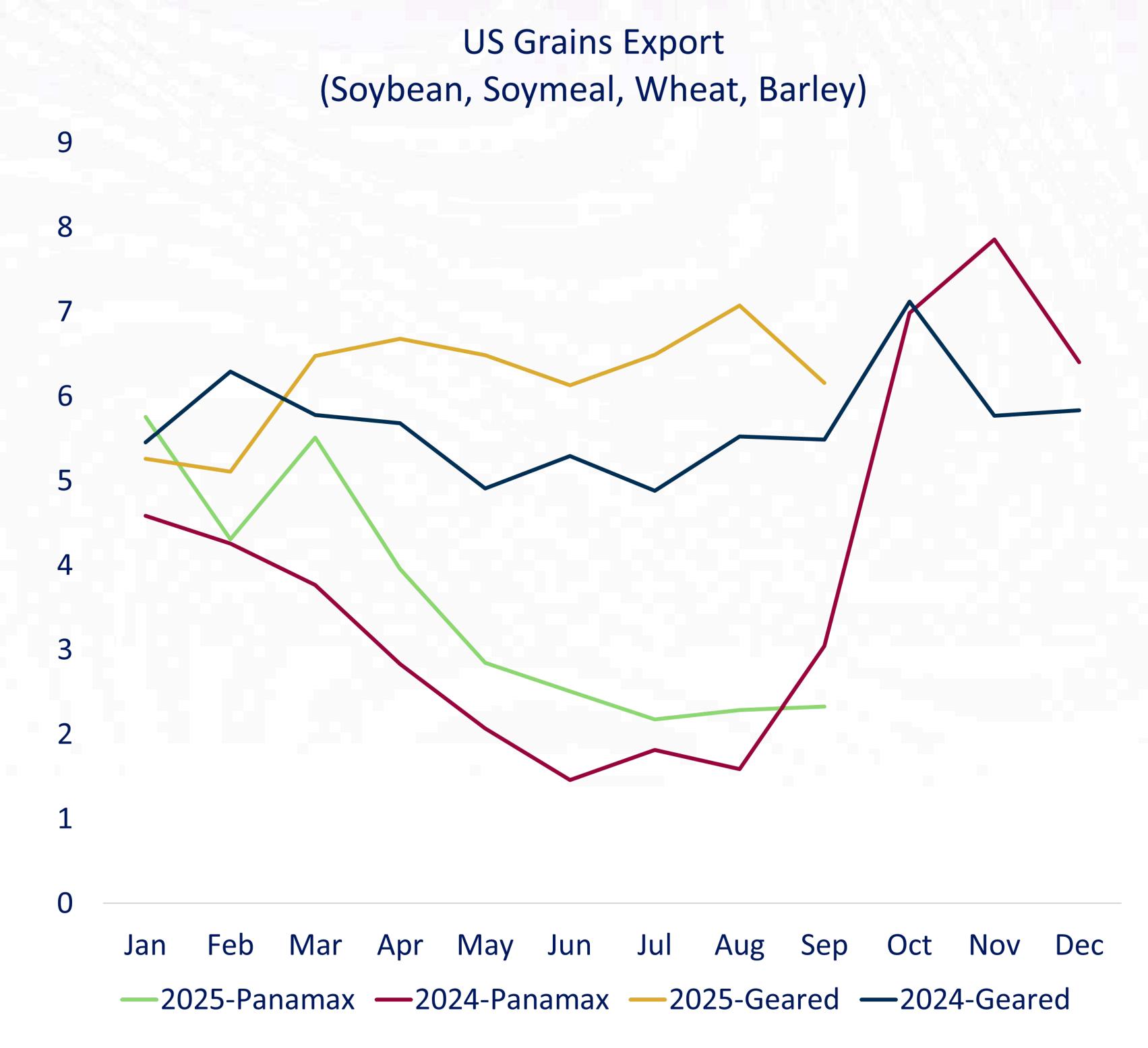




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Source: MySteel

Grain - Latest News





Soybeans: US Soy faces triple threat. Chinese buyers have yet to purchase any US soybeans for the upcoming marketing season, amid low prices and intense competition from South America. However, a breakthrough in US-China trade talks could change the picture, although political headwinds remain. Argentina has announced a temporary suspension of agricultural export taxes. This had led to increased Chinese demand for Argentinian beans supporting Panamax demand despite the Brazilian soybean off-season. Brazil's state agency Conab projects a 3.7% expansion in soybean acreage in the 2025/26 season, with an additional 1.7 mln hectares set to be sown. The silver lining for US exporters is growing sales to non-Chinese buyers, helped by attractive prices. In September, top US soybean destinations were Egypt (0.63 mln mt), Bangladesh (0.34 mln mt), and Spain (0.28 mln mt). However, together these totalled less than the 1.3 mln mt imported by China in September 2024.

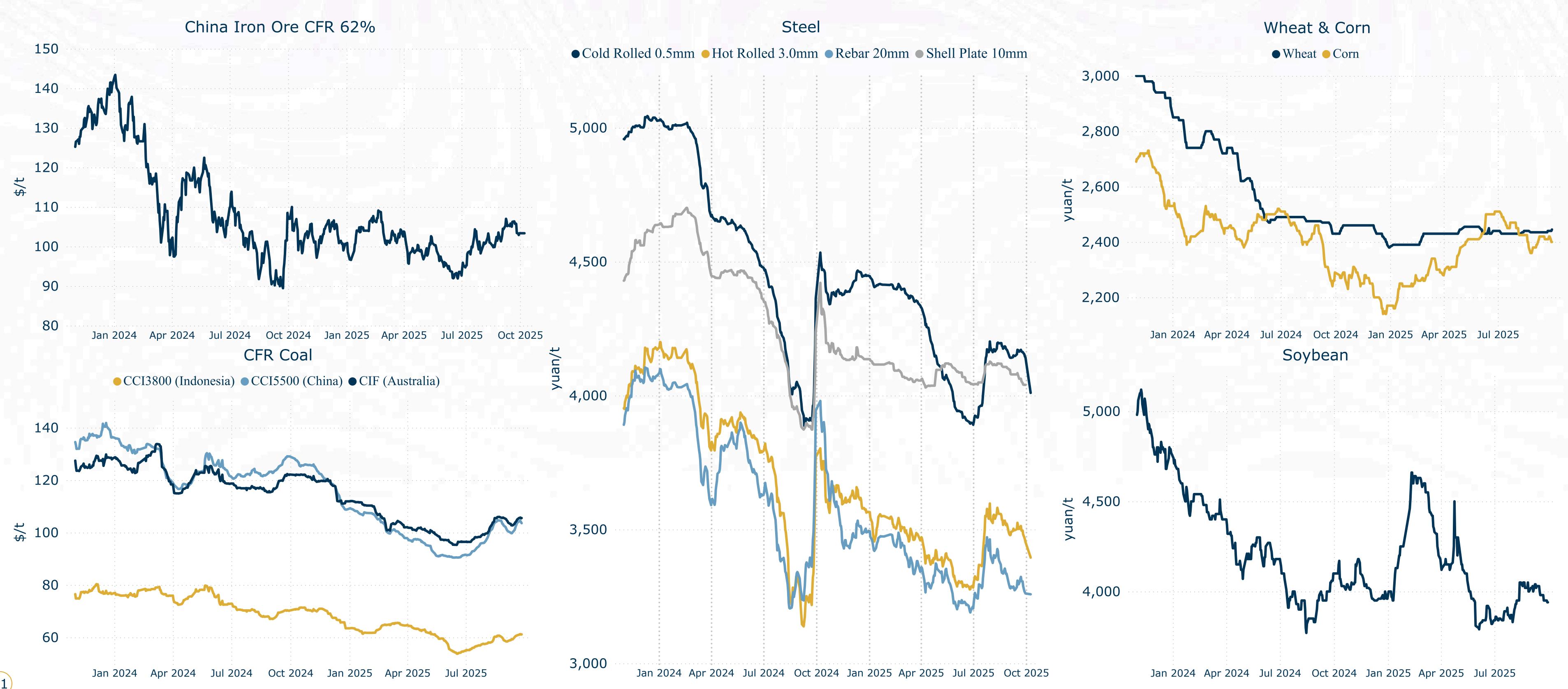
Corn: Record US Output, Robust Exports. The USDA has raised its 2025/26 US corn production forecast by 72 mln bushels to 16.8 bln, while exports are projected 2.5 mln mt higher (+3.3%) at 75 mln mt. Japan remained the largest buyer in September with 1.7 mln mt, as total monthly exports reached 7.5 mln mt (+36% y-o-y). Shipments to China remain absent and are unlikely to resume without significant progress on a bilateral trade deal. Ukraine's larger planted area is expected to lift output there, although the war continues to cloud logistics and policy certainty.

Wheat & Barley: Higher US and Australian Output, Black Sea Cuts. Global wheat and barley production is forecast to hit new records. Australia's output has been lifted by 1.5 mln mt of wheat and 1.1 mln mt of barley on stronger export potential, while the US forecast is up 1 mln mt on greater Hard Red Winter wheat sales. Conversely, Black Sea outlooks continue to weaken, with wheat production trimmed by 1.5 mln mt and barley by 0.7 mln mt, reflecting sluggish exports and weaker harvests.

Selective Panamax Strength, Geared Surges Ahead. P7 (USG-Qingdao) and P8 (Santos-Qingdao) ended September broadly flat, in line with P5TC. By contrast, US Pacific North West corn exports to Japan and South Korea have underpinned P3A_82 (Japan–Korea-Transpacific RV), which gained 10.7% m-o-m. Supramax and geared bulkers have seen stronger gains, supported by short haul parcel trades well-suited to their size profile. S4A (USG-Skaw/Passero) rose 13.5% m-o-m to \$34,000/day, while S1C (USG-China/South Japan) climbed 8.4% to \$31,800/day. S5 (ECSA-N.China) strengthened by 10% m-o-m on robust South American grain demand.



Commodity - Price



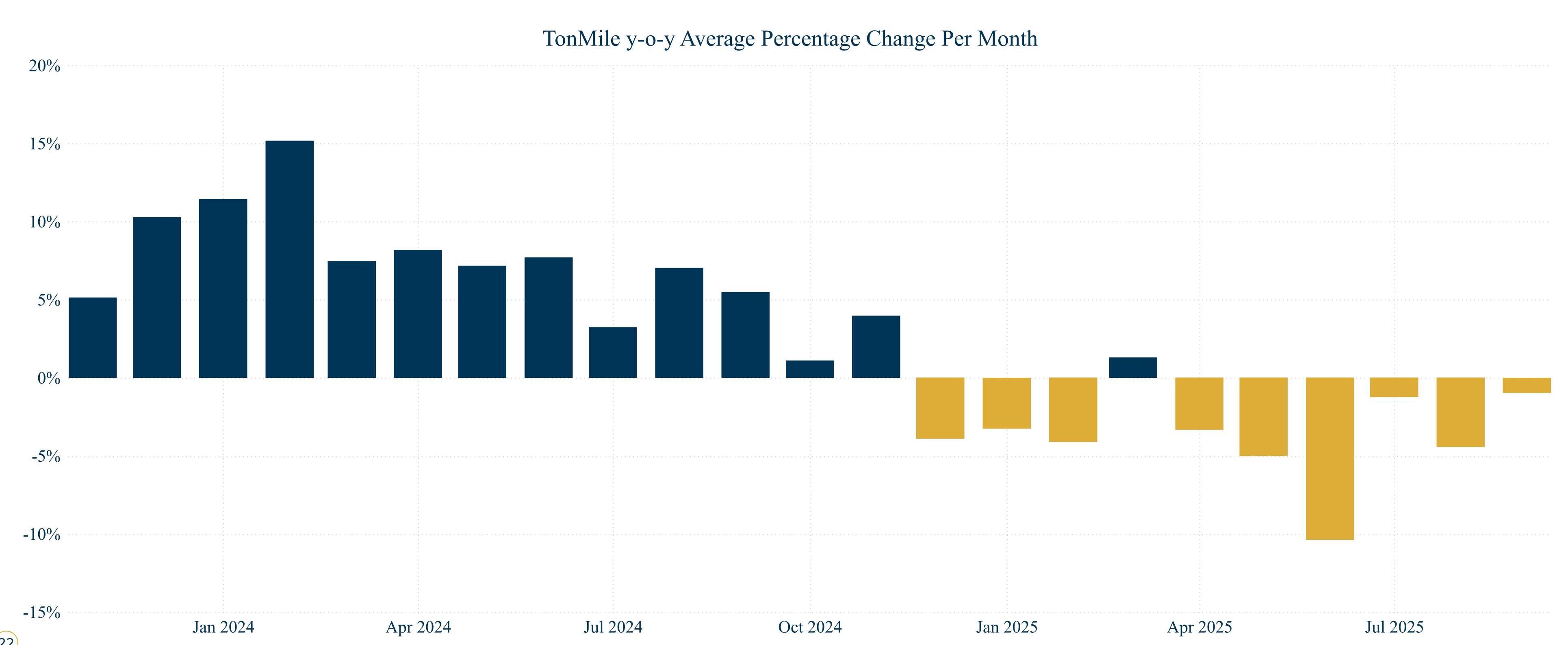
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Source: MySteel

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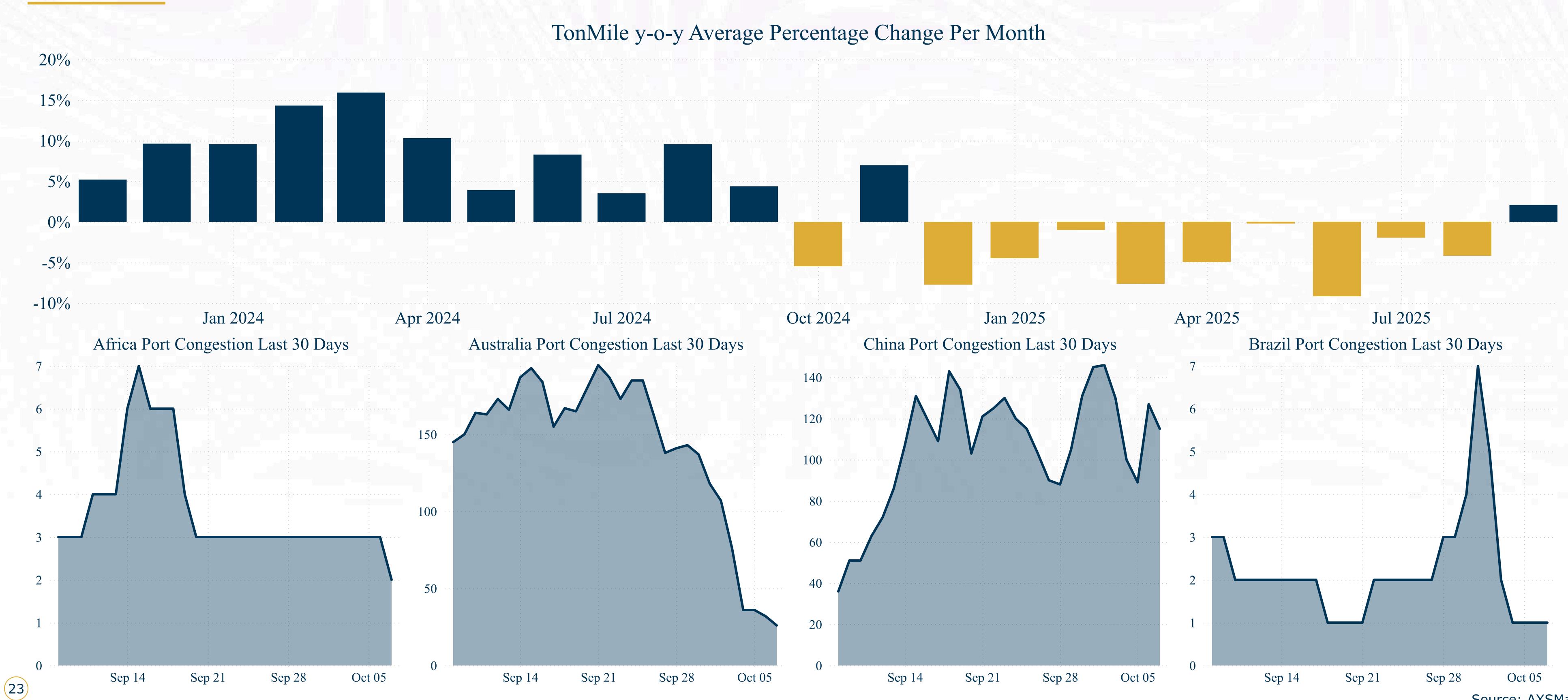
Vessel Supply and Demand



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Capesize

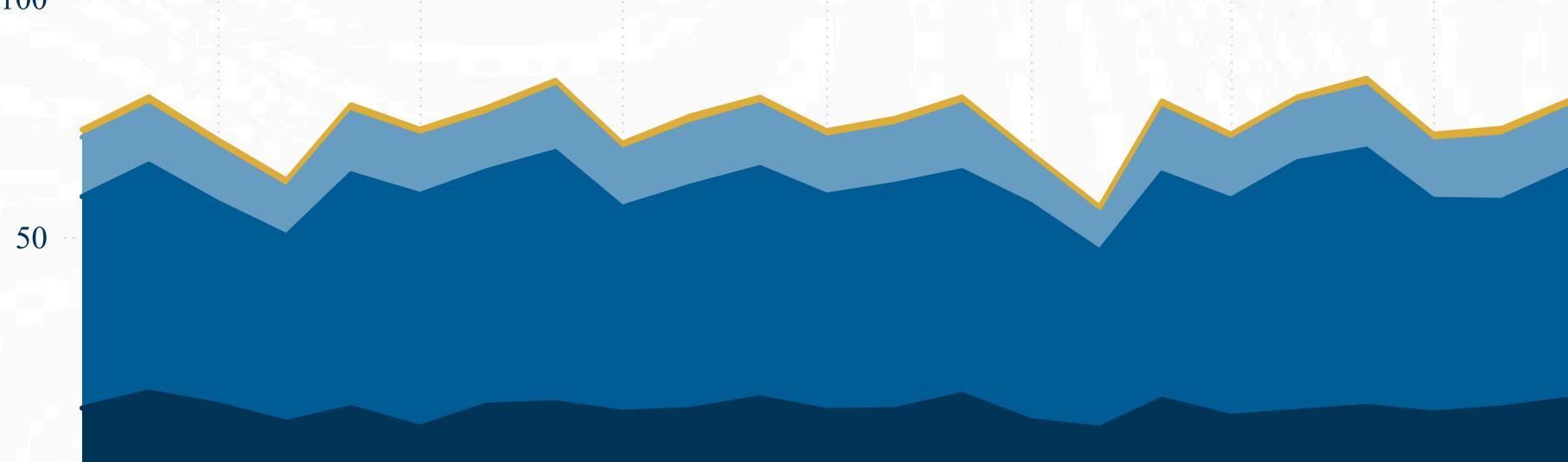


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Capesize Influential Factors - Selected Loading Zone

Jul 2024





Guinea Loading Ports

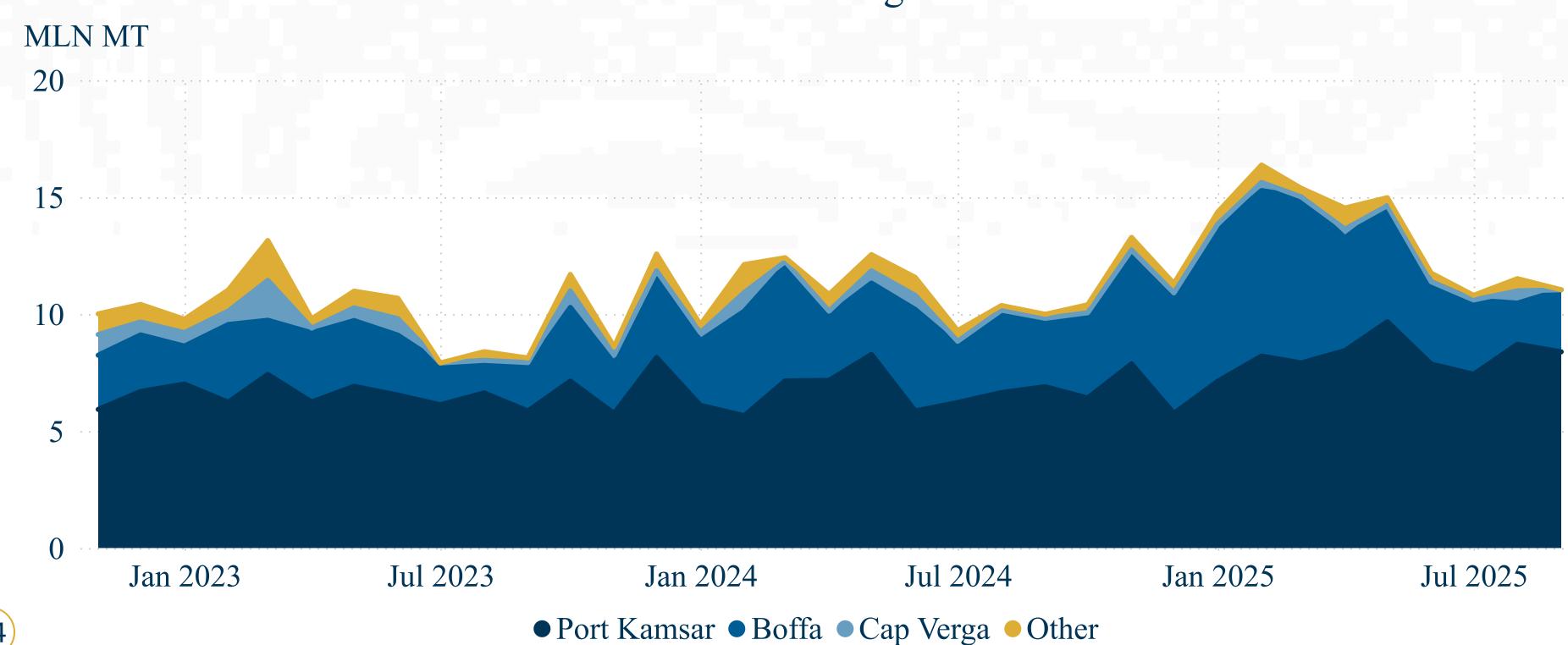
Port Walcott
 Port Hedland
 Dampier
 Other

Oct 2024

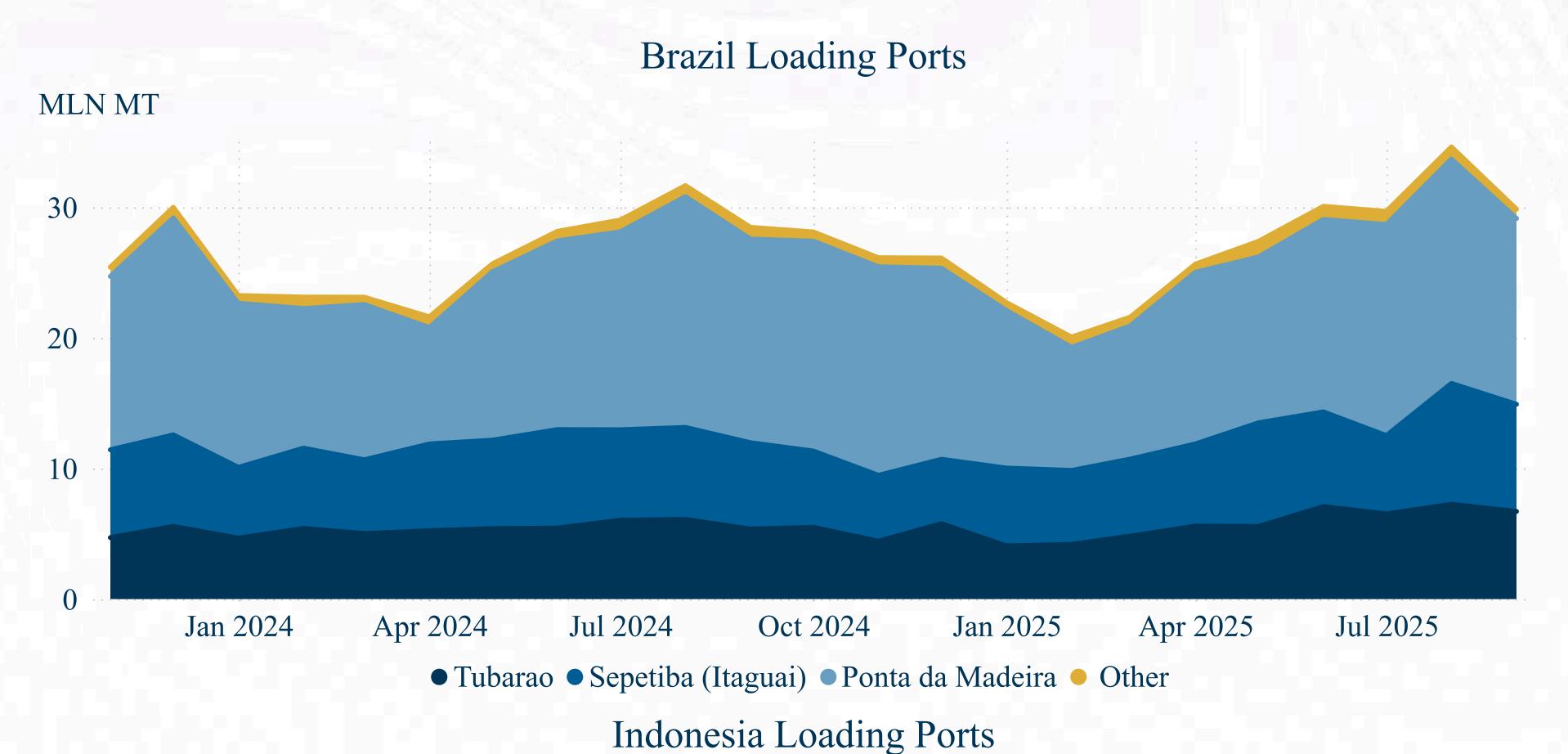
Jan 2025

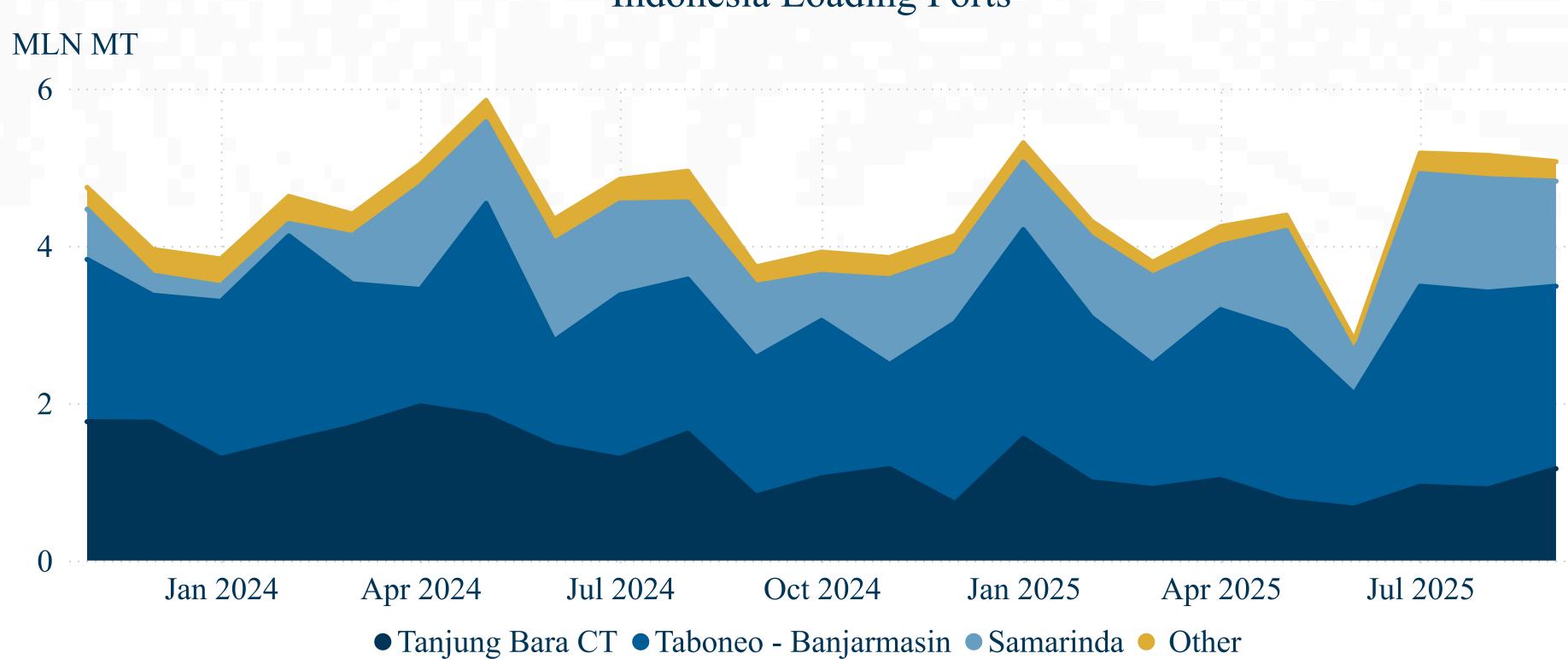
Apr 2025

Jul 2025



BRS





24

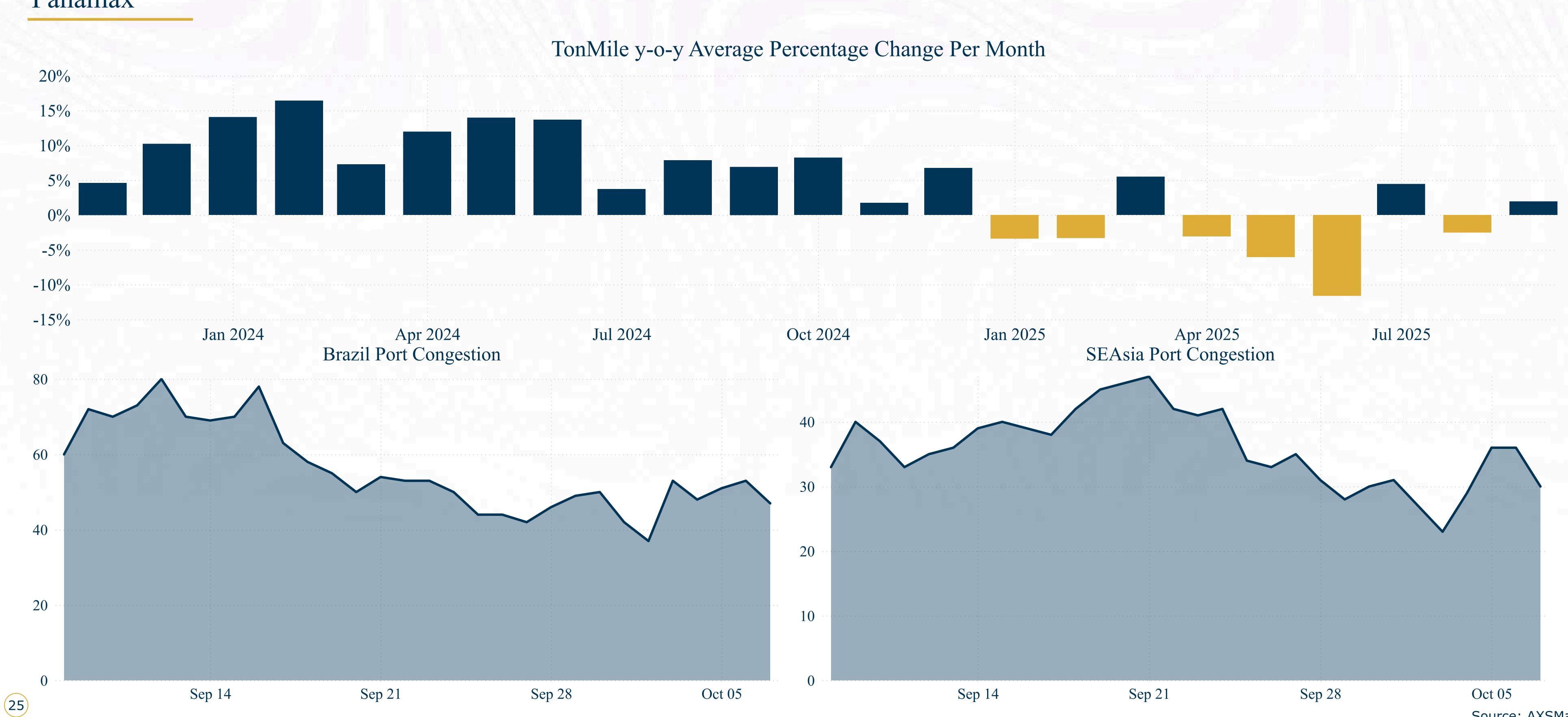
Jan 2024

Apr 2024

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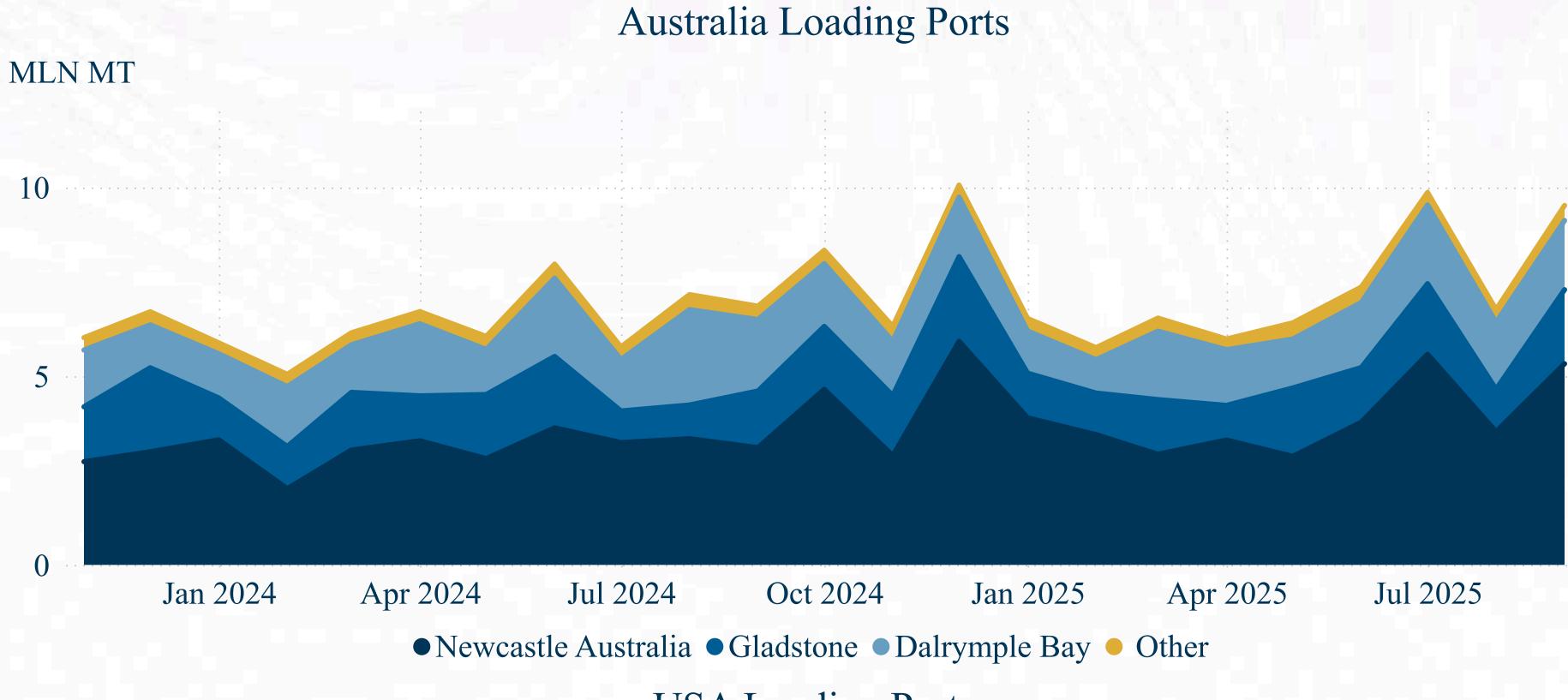
Panamax

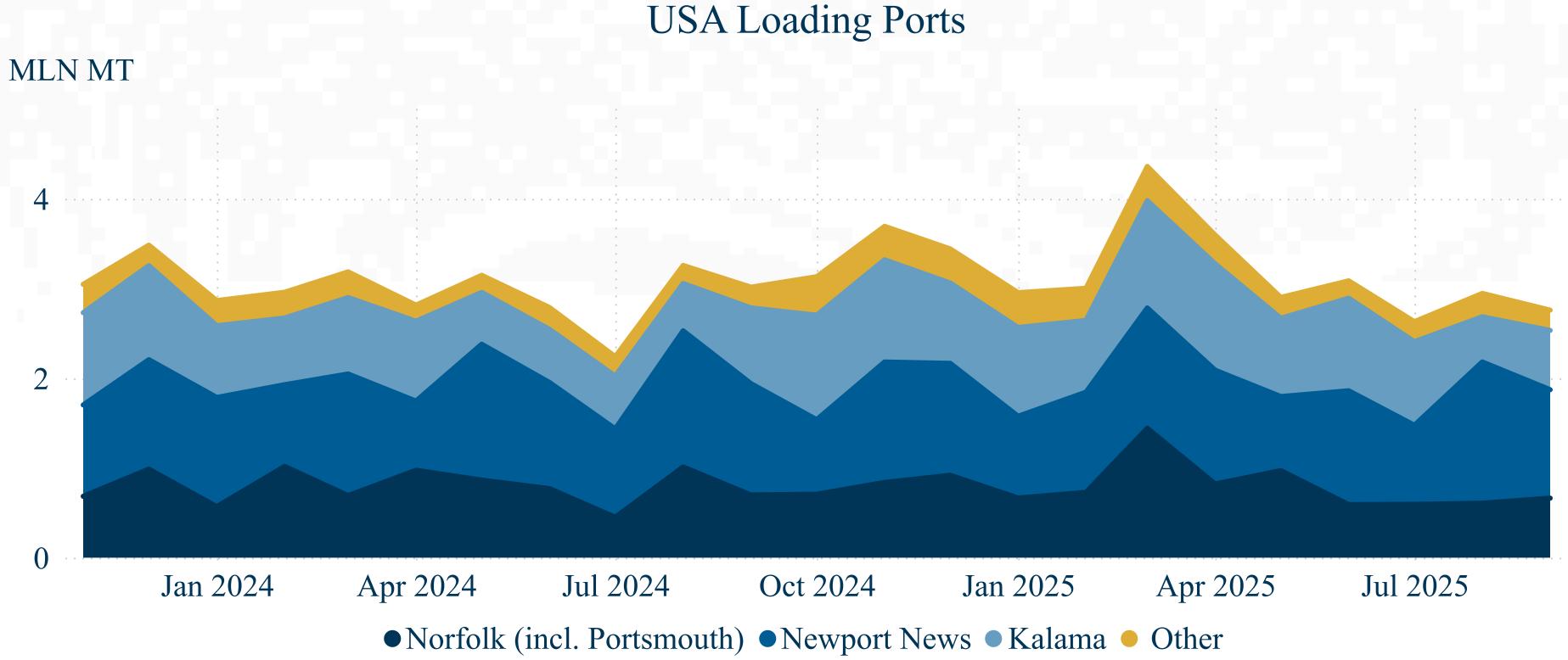


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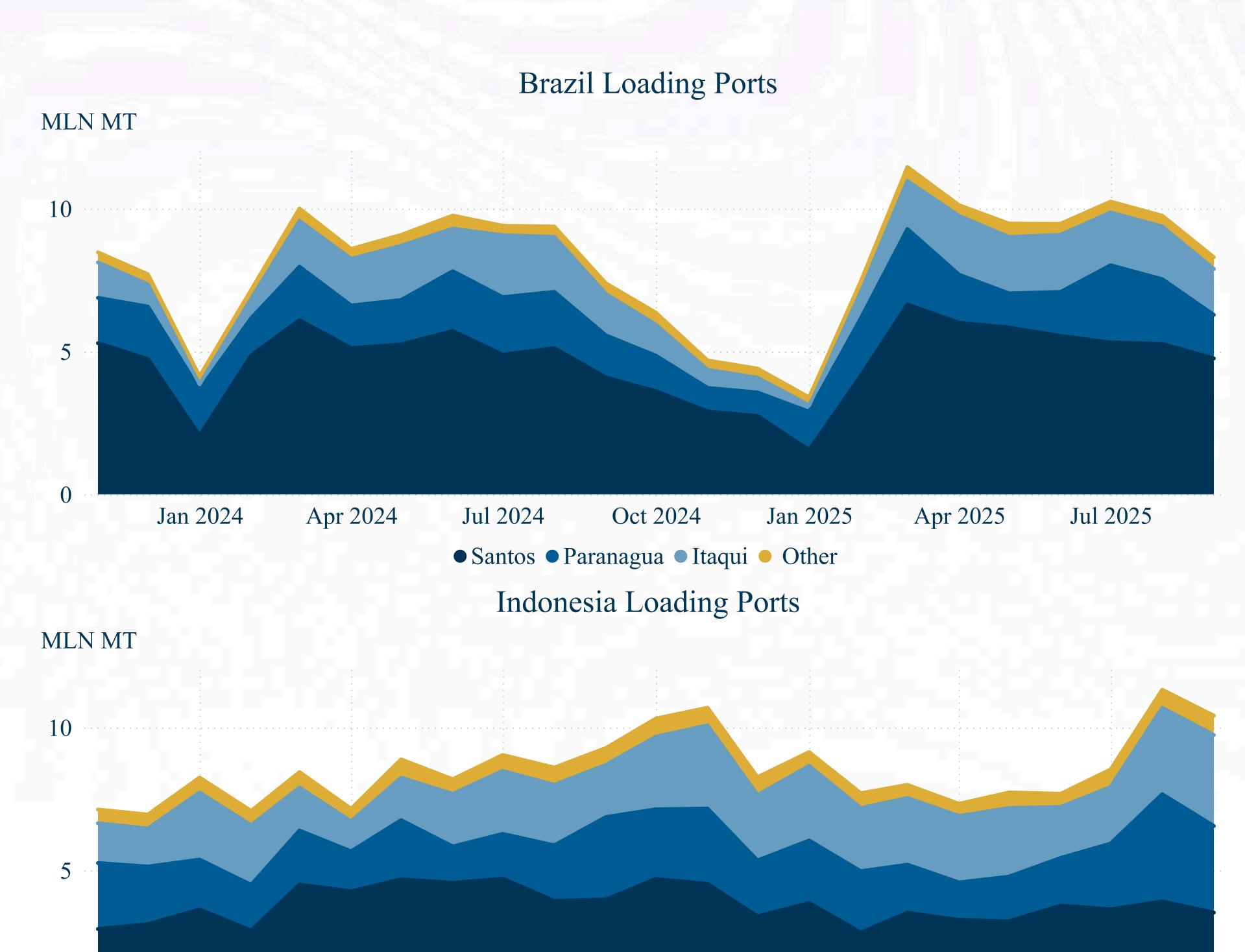
Panamax Influential Factors - Selected Loading Zones











Oct 2024

■ Taboneo - Banjarmasin■ Bunati■ Balikpapan■ Other

Jan 2025

Apr 2025

Jan 2024

Apr 2024

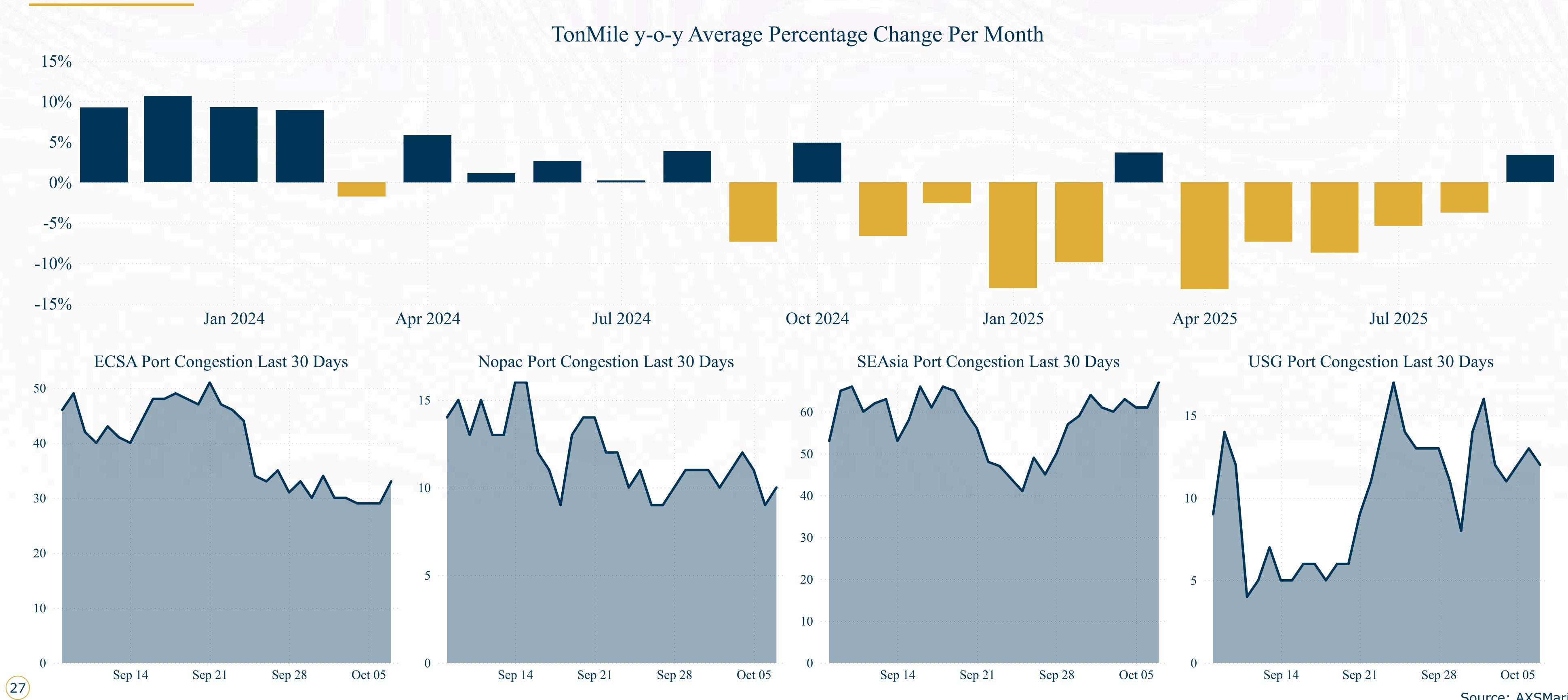
Jul 2024

Jul 2025

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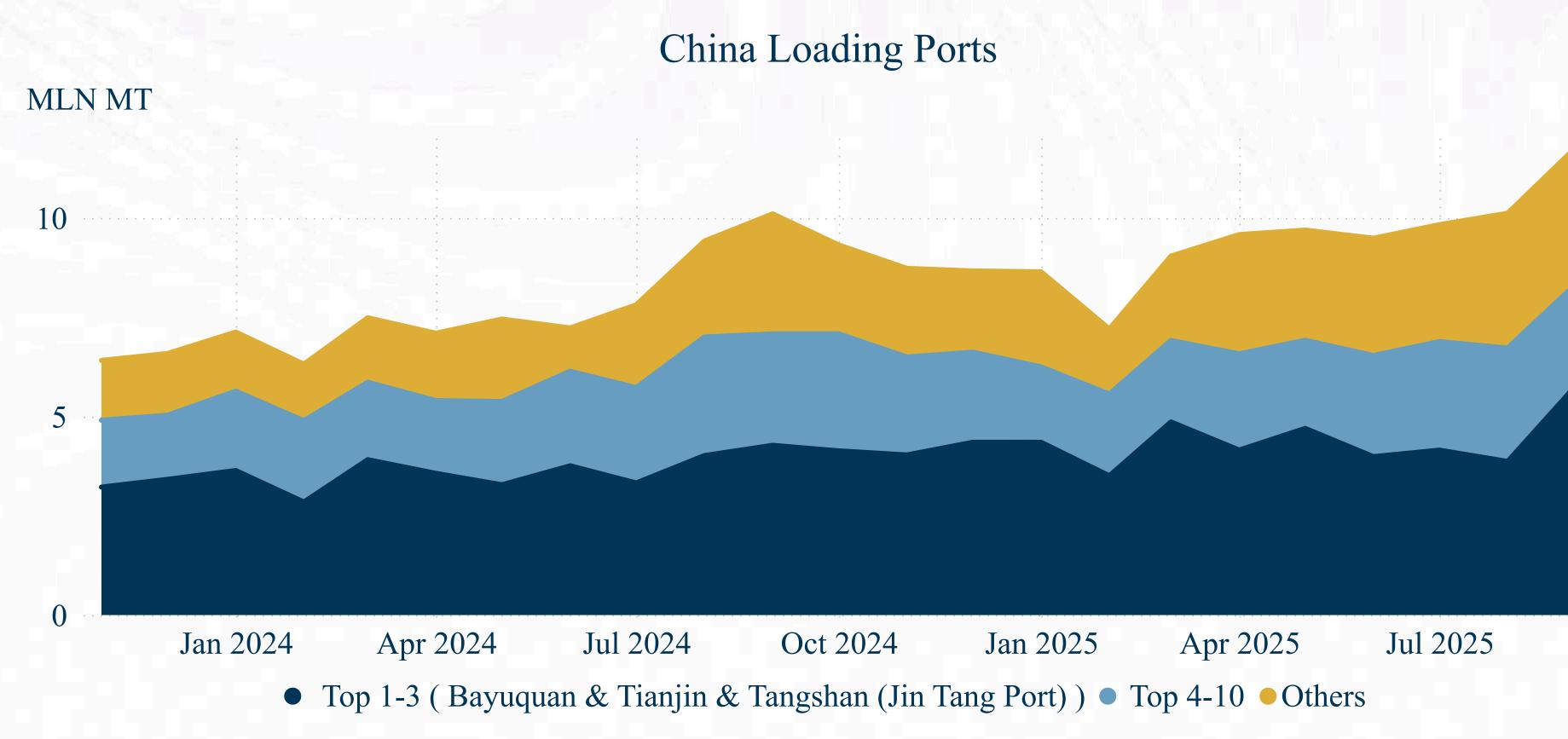


Supramax

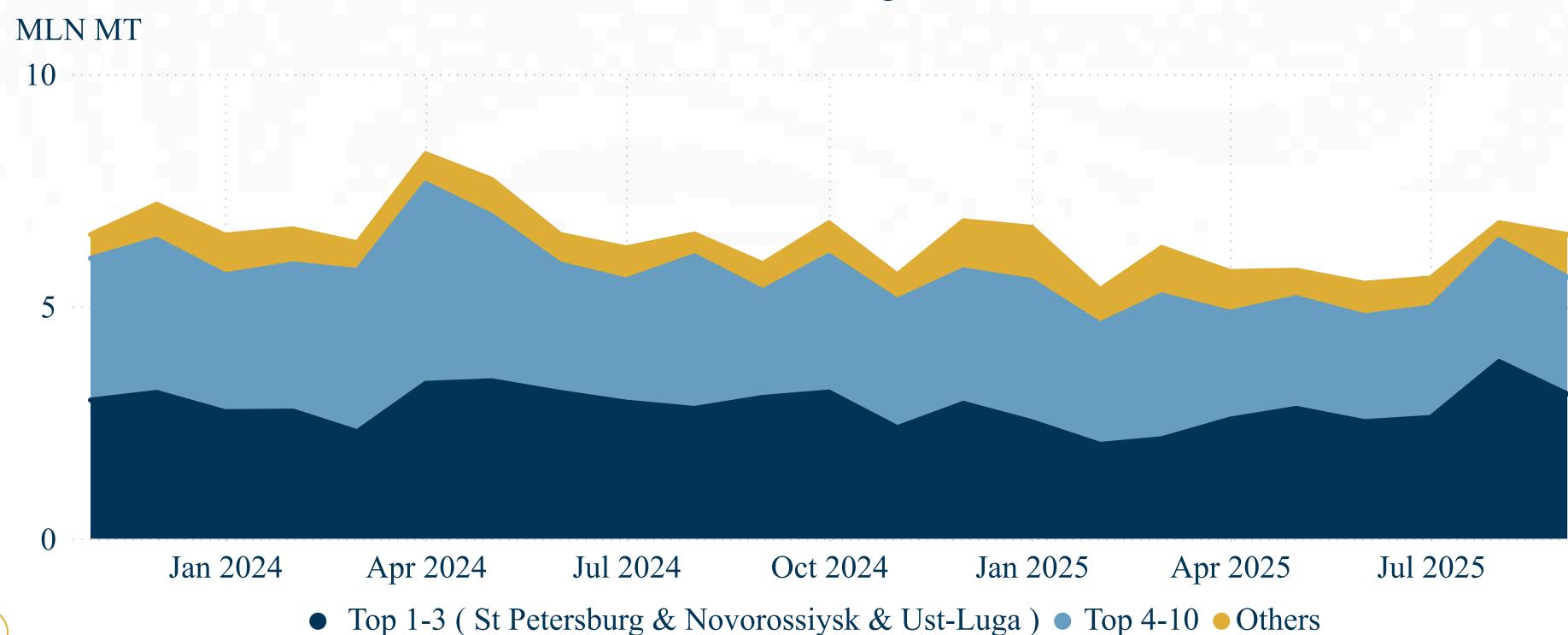


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Supramax Influential Factors - Selected Loading Zone



Russia Loading Ports







USA Loading Ports

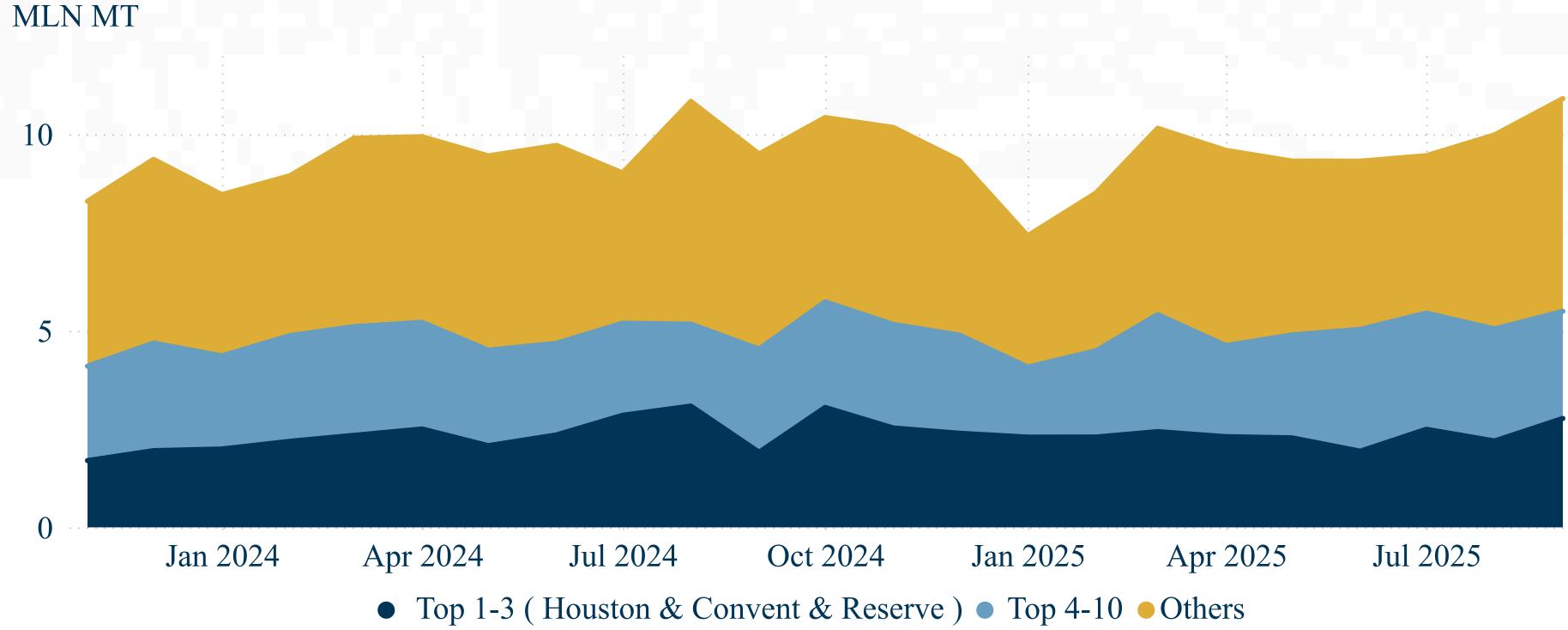
Jul 2024

Oct 2024

Top 1-3 (Muara Banyuasin & Taboneo - Banjarmasin & Muara Berau)
 Top 4-10
 Others

Jan 2024

Apr 2024



Jan 2025

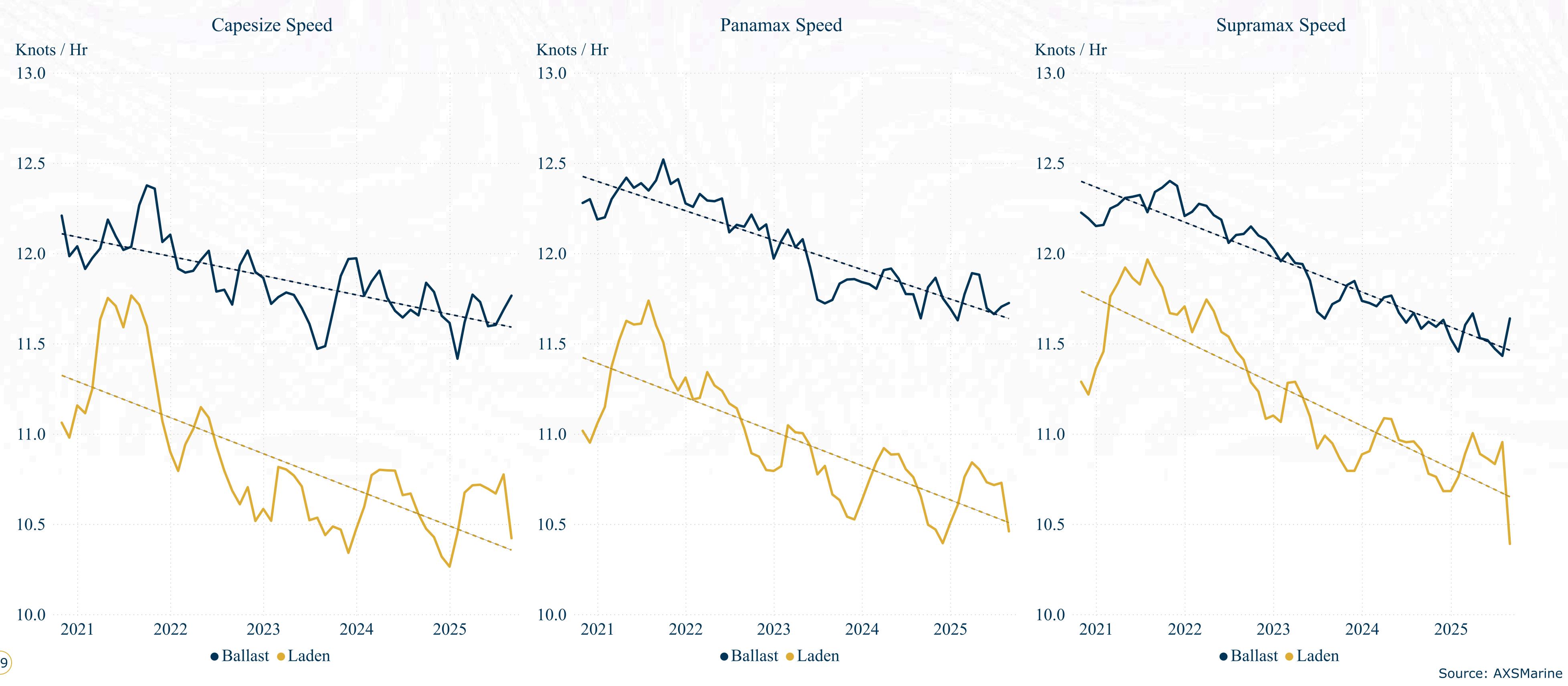
Apr 2025

Jul 2025

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Speed



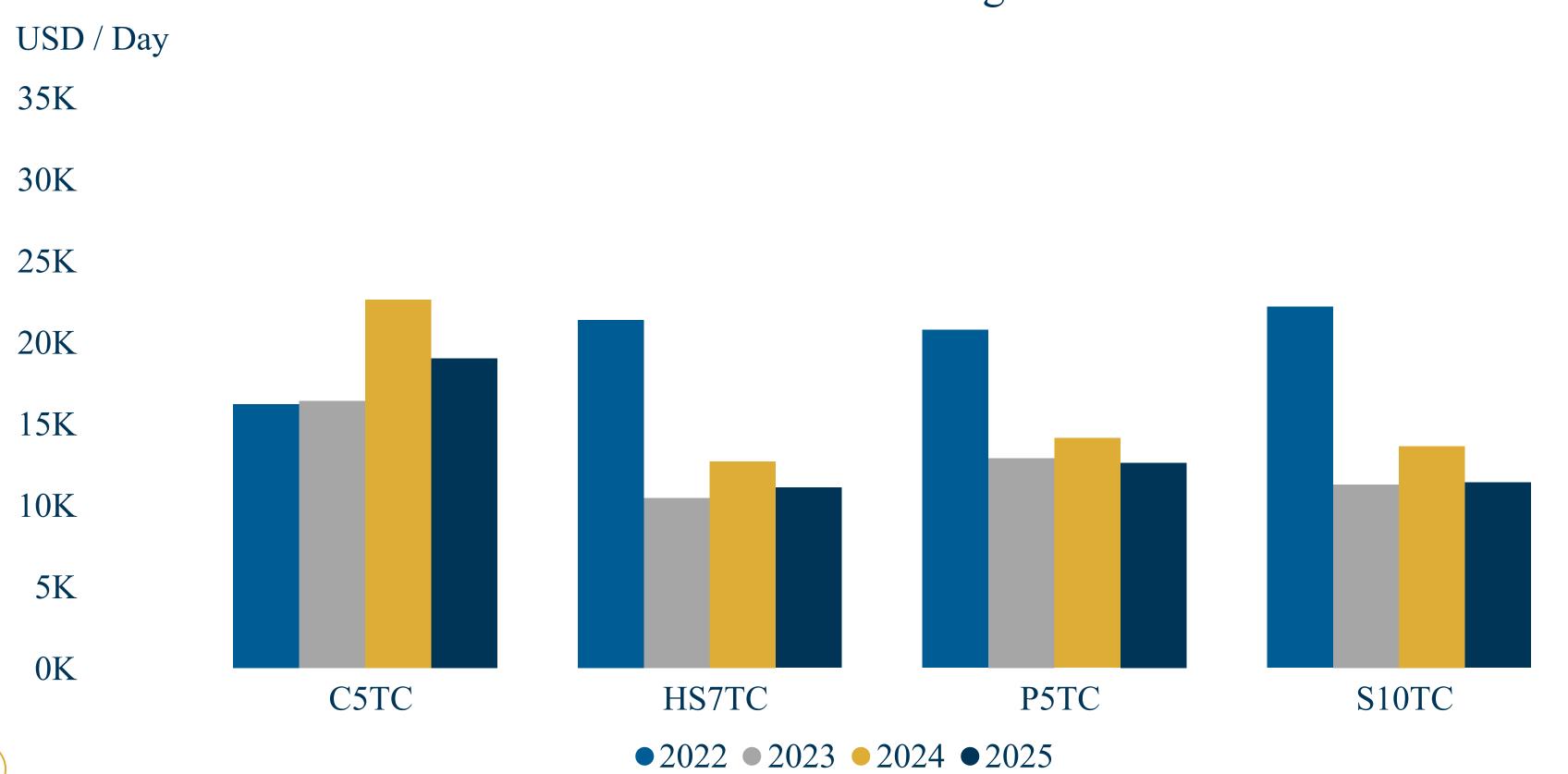
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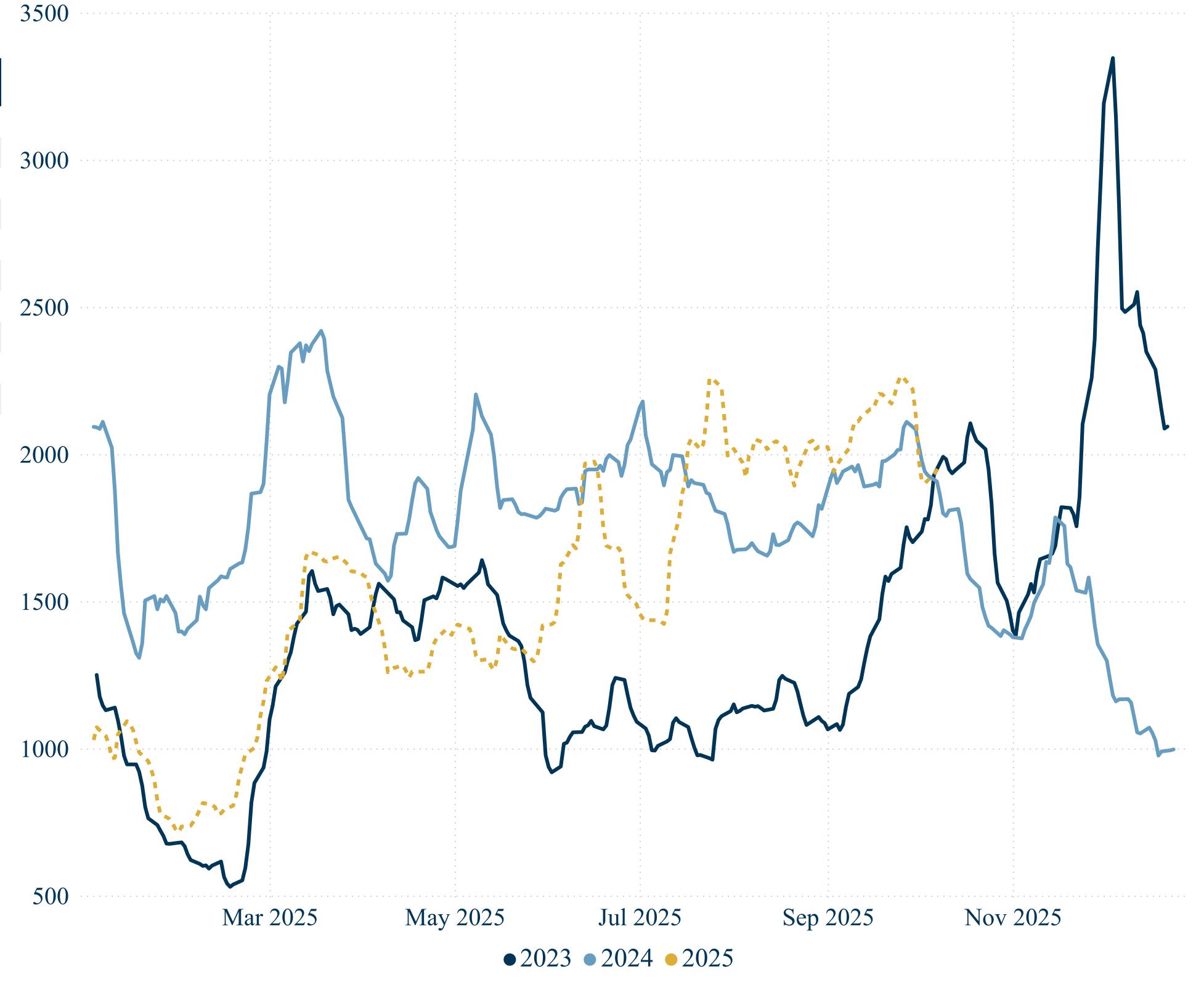


Freight Rate

Sep 2025	Monthly Avg	M-(O-M%Change	Y-(O-Y%Change	YTD Avg
BDI	2,124	1	6.2%	1	8.1%	1,539
BCI	3,198		3.0%	₩	-3.2%	2,290
BPI	1,860		10.4%		31.2%	1,398
BSI	1,479		8.7%		15.5%	1,061
BHSI	809		14.7%	1	13.1%	615
C5TC 180K	26,520		3.0%		-3.2%	18,993
P5TC 82K	16,744		10.4%		31.2%	12,580
S10TC 58K	16,657		9.9%		17.8%	11,374
HS7TC 38K	14,551		14.7%		13.0%	11,061

Annual TC Average





BDI Seasonality

30

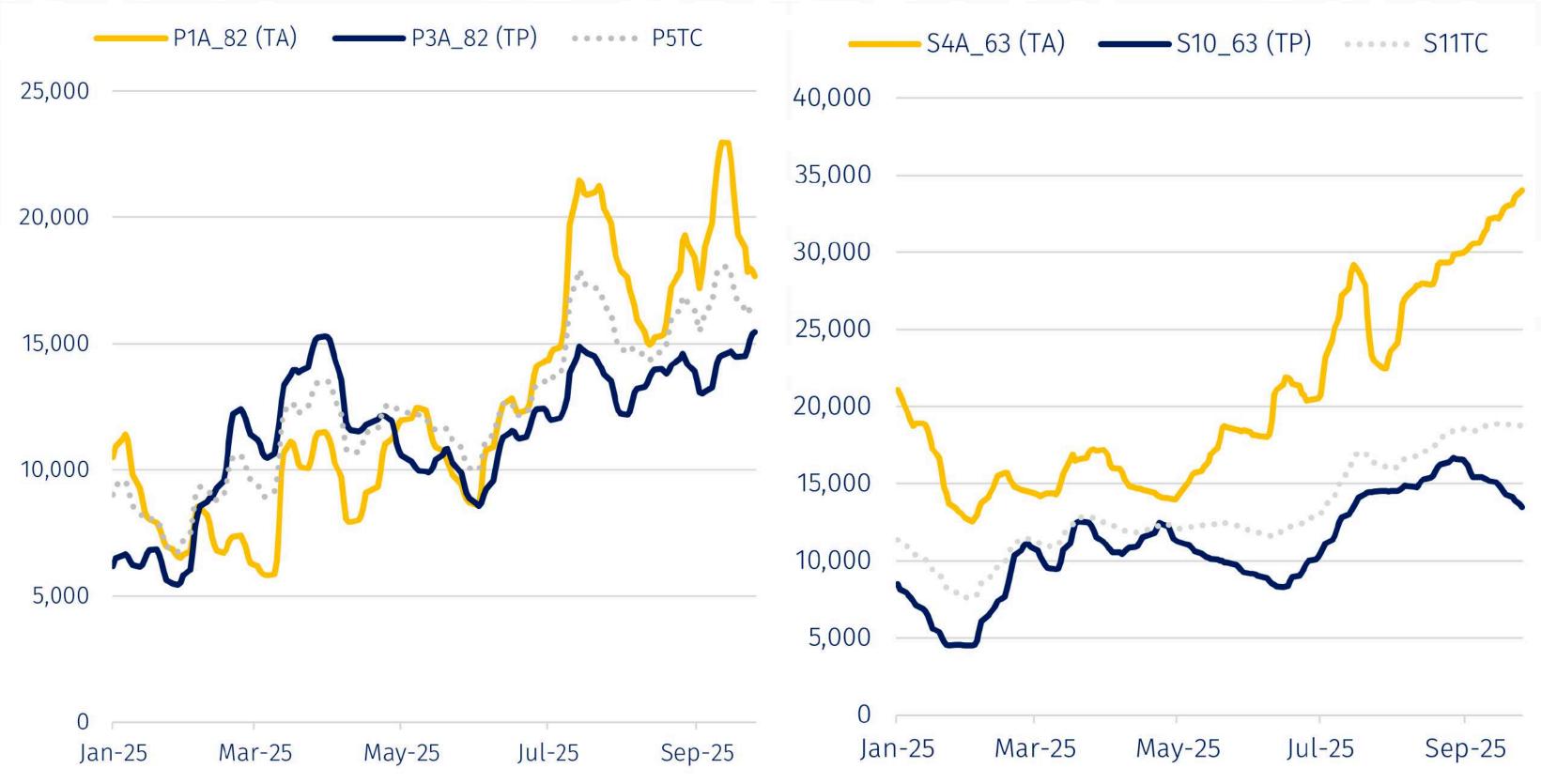
Source: Baltic Exchange

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Freight Commentary

Top Capesize TradeFlows (TF), by Tonne-Days, in Mln									
TFRANK	8 MONTHS	2024	2025	24 vs 25					
1	Australia - China	9205.1	8840.0	-4.0%					
2	Guinea - China	4474.5	6261.8	+39.9%					
3	Brazil - China	4677.6	4604.5	-1.6%					
4	Canada - China	770.5	956.8	+24.2%					
5	Australia - Japan	1191.0	920.3	-22.7%					
6	Australia - South Korea	948.6	920.0	-3.0%					
7	South Africa - China	860.2	828.9	-3.6%					
8	Sierra Leone - China	436.4	675.8	+54.9%					
9	Indonesia - India	676.5	573.1	-15.3%					
10	Peru - China	665.3	448.7	-32.6%					



Macro – With USTR fees having been introduced on 14 October, second-order effects are emerging in the dry bulk and wider shipping market as participants weigh risks more carefully. Since April's announcement, fewer Chinese-linked bulkers have taken transatlantic voyages, and some charterers remain hesitant to fix time charters amid uncertainty over port fee implementation.

On the other hand, for the first time since at least 1999, China has begun the export season without buying US soybeans, underscoring its use of agriculture as leverage in trade disputes. With ample reserves and heavy Brazilian and Argentinian purchases earlier this year, China has supply secured through early 2026, reducing its urgency to tap buy from the US. Normally reliant between October and February, importers are steering clear due to tariffs and geopolitical risks, opting instead to pay premiums elsewhere.

Capesize – The Capesize Trans-Pacific (C10) premium over Fronthaul (C14) climbed to \$4,425/day on 18 September, \$3,241/day higher than 1 September. This was driven by stronger transpacific loadings and weaker fronthaul activity. With C10 holding the fort, the C5TC average recovered from \$23,000/day in early September. C5TC spot rates averaged ~\$24,600/day in 3Q25, early matching 3Q24's \$24,909/day. Forward sentiment also improved, as the 4Q25 contract has traded in the \$26,000–28,000/day range over the past month. Limited newbuilding deliveries in 2024-25 continue to provide supply-side relief in a lacklustre cargo year.

Meanwhile, Capesize tradeflows expressed in tonne-days across January - August were mixed. Australia-China slipped 4% y-o-y, while Guinea-China surged nearly 40%, decisively overtaking Brazil-Chinar, which fell by 1.6%. Outside the top three, Canada-China rose 24.2% and Sierra Leone-China surged by 54.9%, while other flows dropped sharply.

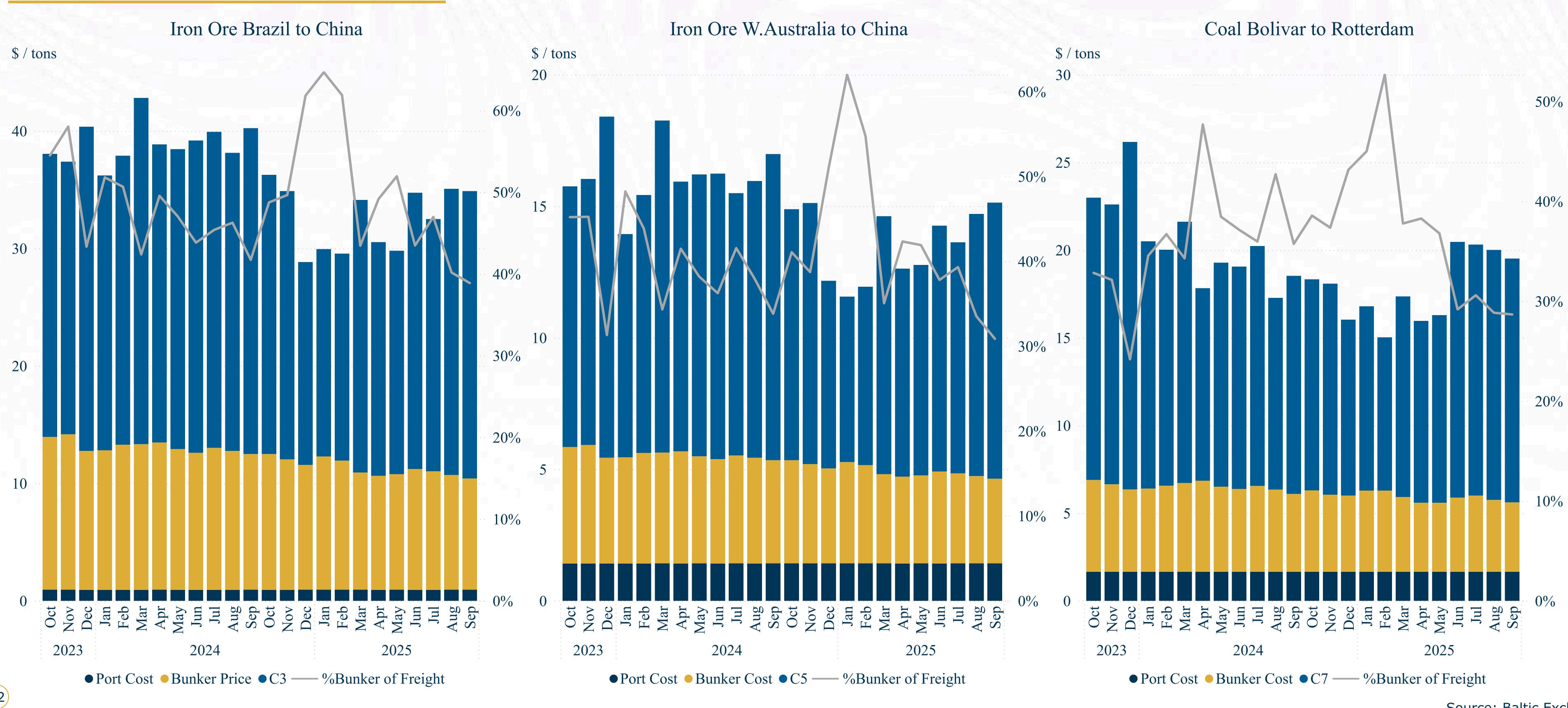
Overall, Guinea's rise has been vital, although it deepens reliance on China and Guinean policy. Looking ahead to October, the seasonal Atlantic fronthaul could test whether C14 reclaims momentum from C10.

Sub-capesize – A shortage of suitable tonnage in the Northern Atlantic - driven by USTR effects and Red Sea diversions - lifted sub-Capsize transatlantic rates (P1A_82, S4A_63) last month, widening spreads against their transpacific counterparts (P3A_82, S10_63). In late September, Chinese restocking ahead of Golden Week spurred demand for Indonesian thermal coal, although this may be short-lived given China's abundant domestic supply, despite recent output cuts in key regions. 2024.

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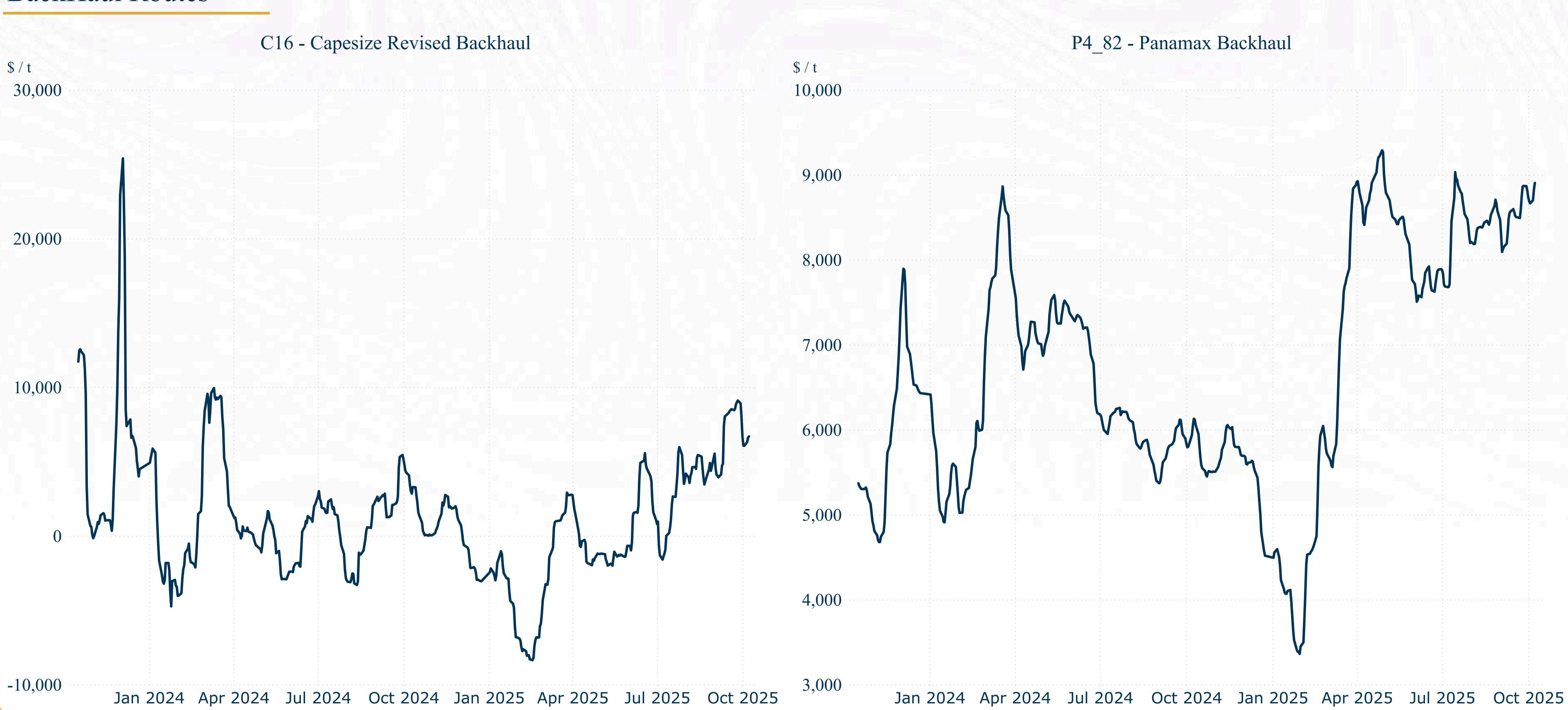
Capesize Freight Breakdown



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BackHaul Routes



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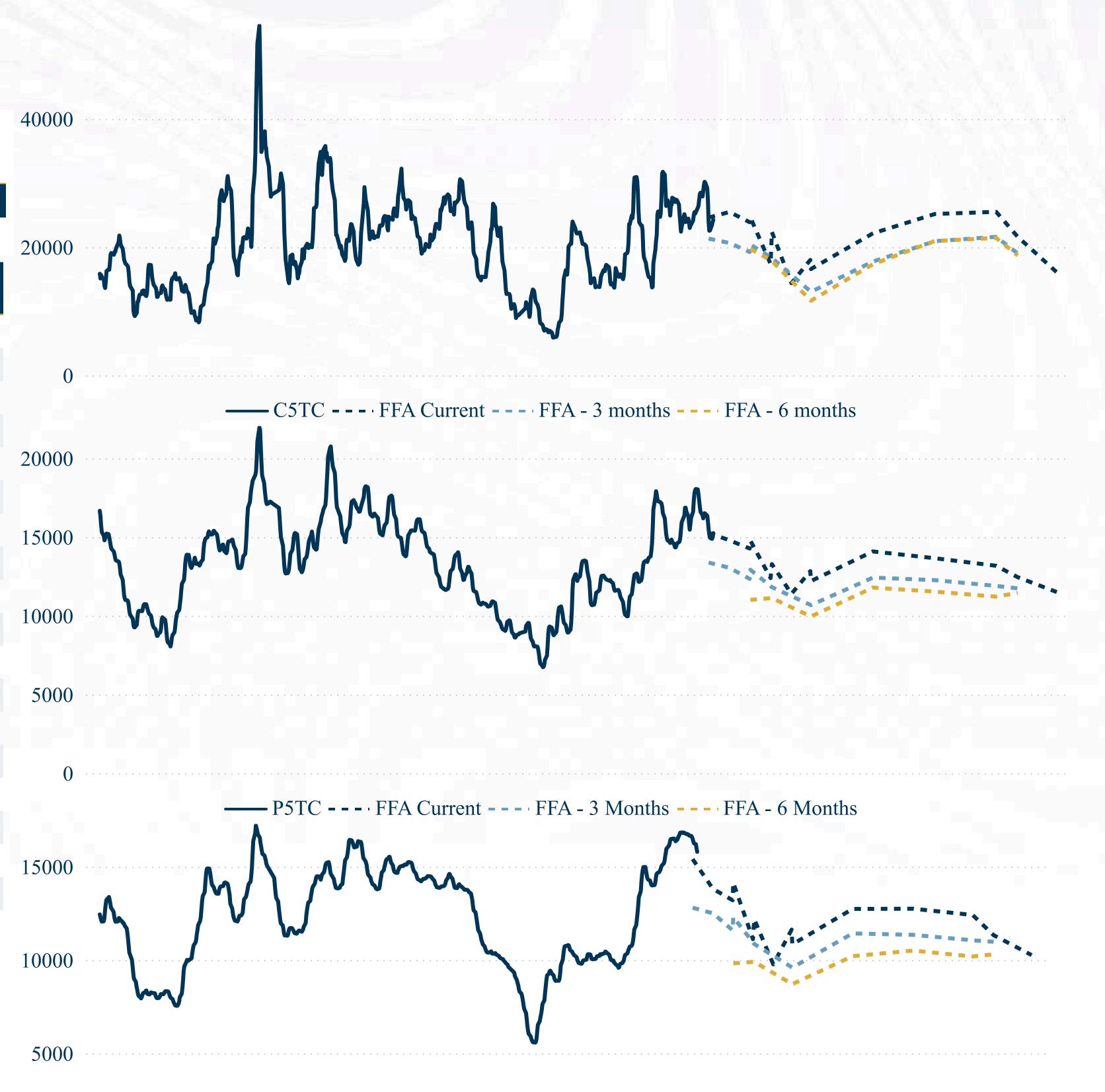
Source: Baltic Exchange

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FFA

	C5TC			P5TC			S10TC	I	
Spot	27,405	3,148	Spot	15,985	-638	Spot	16,590		103
Period	Value	M-o-M	Period	Value	M-o-M	Period	Value	M	l-o-M
Oct 25	24,864	-3,890	Oct 25	15,177	-1,086	Oct 25	15,482	₩	-10
Nov 25	24,707	-1,747	Nov 25	14,759	-756	Nov 25	14,071		-79
Dec 25	23,121	-1,021	Dec 25	13,945	-286	Dec 25	13,189		214
Jan 26	17,157	594	Jan 26	12,441	312	Jan 26	11,261		711
Feb 26	14,686	-527	Feb 26	11,518	38	Feb 26	9,889		31
Mar 26	17,914	206	Mar 26	12,835	459	Mar 26	11,754		579
Q4 25	24,231	-2,219	Q4 25	14,627	-710	Q4 25	14,247		41
Q1 26	16,586	91	Q1 26	12,265	1 270	Q1 26	10,968		440
Q2 26	21,729	837	Q2 26	13,934	-2	Q2 26	12,693		285
Q3 26	24,800	846	Q3 26	13,445	-74	Q3 26	12,632		324
Q4 26	25,186	711	Q4 26	12,902	-44	Q4 26	12,329		254
Cal 26	22,075	621	Cal 26	13,136	37	Cal 26	12,155		325
Cal 27	21,225	450	Cal 27	12,338	45	Cal 27	11,321		0
Cal 28	20,057	574	Cal 28	12,479	39	Cal 28	11,221		-21
Cal 29	19,271	363	Cal 29	12,408	9	Cal 29	11,211		-18
Cal 30	18,807	119	Cal 30	12,580	17	Cal 30	11,336		19
Cal 31	18,643	85	Cal 31	12,594	5	Cal 31	11,436		7
Cal 32	18,621	54	Cal 32	12,585	- 9	Cal 32	11,379		0

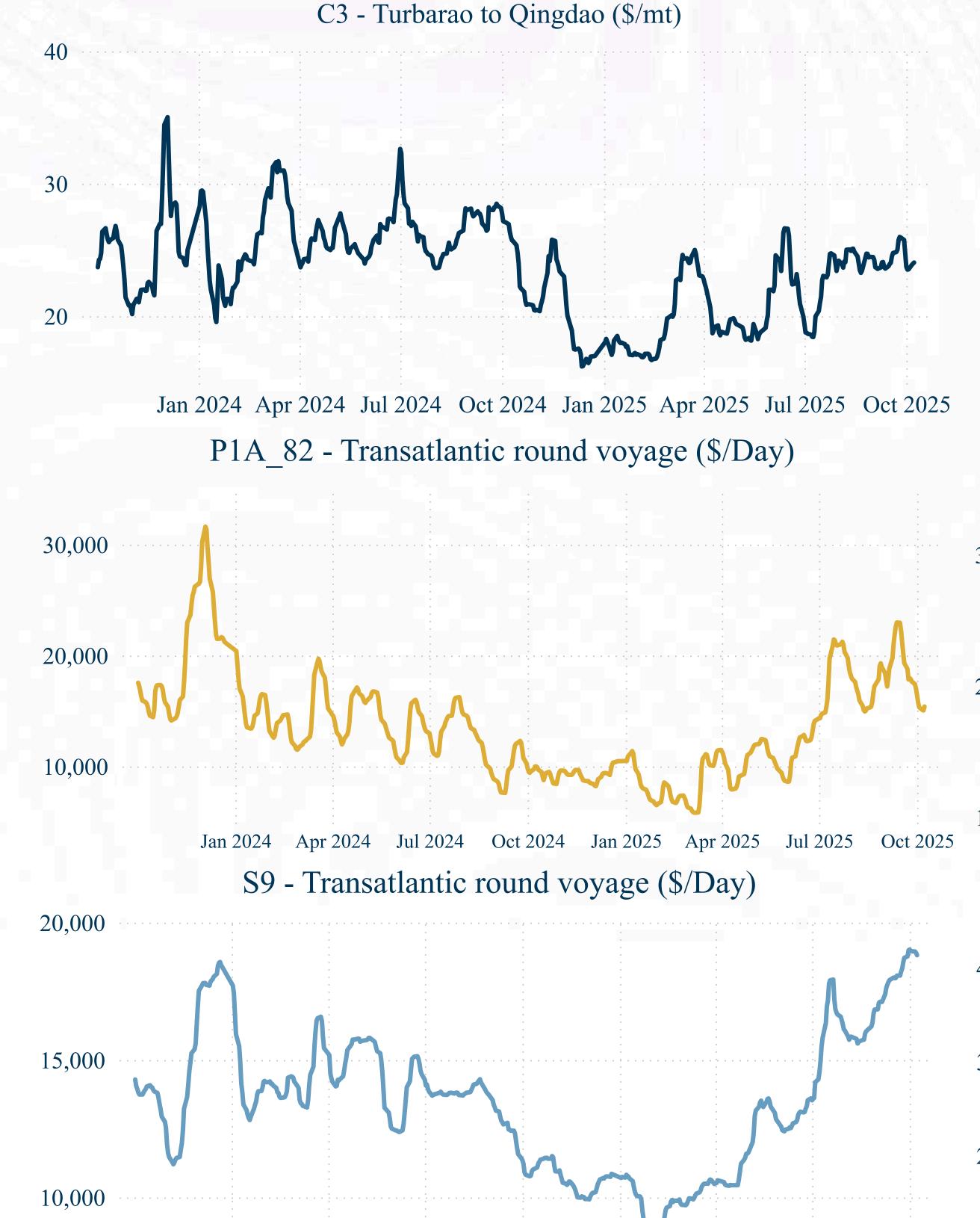


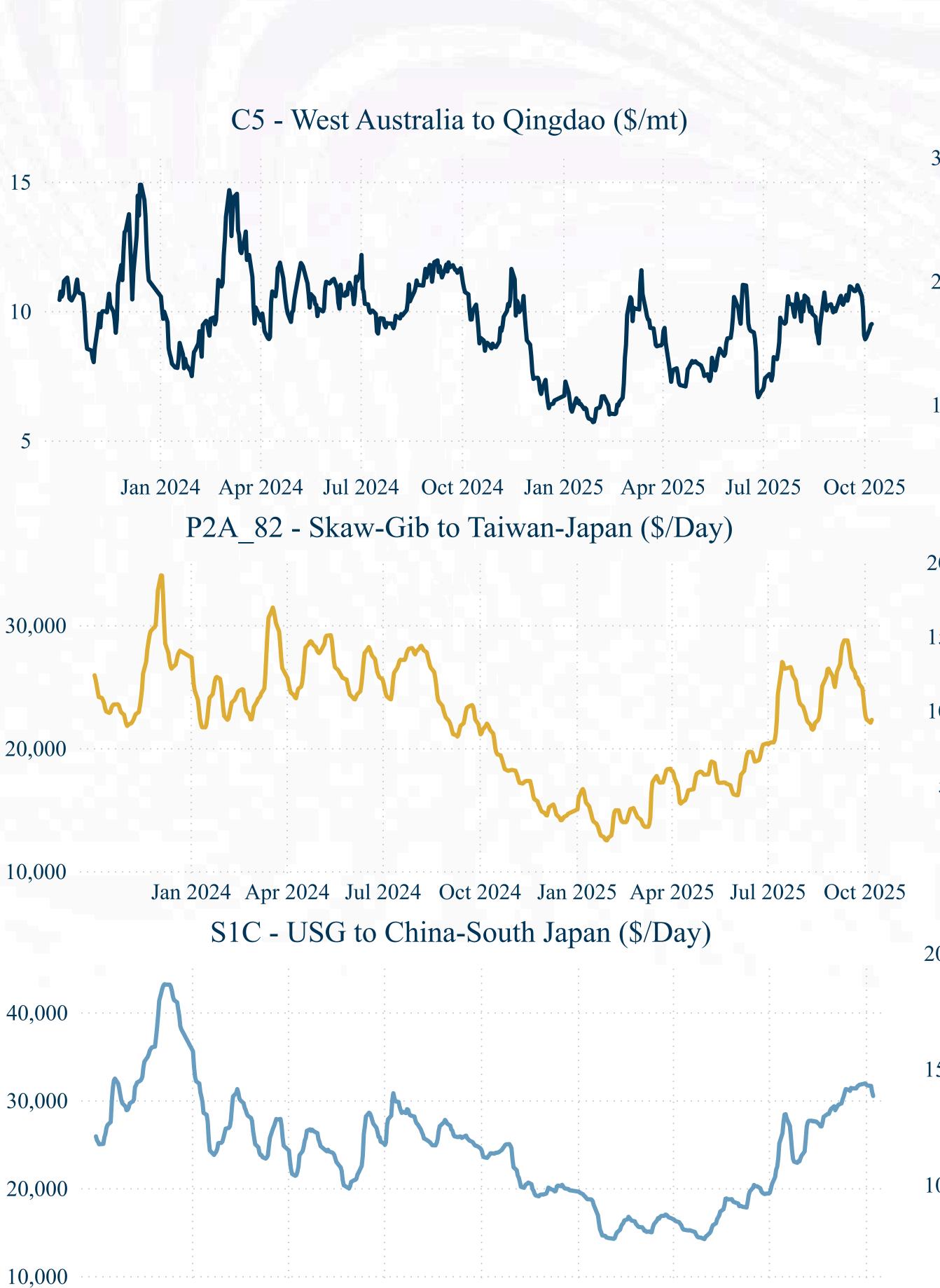
All Based On the Last Working Day Of 2025 Sep

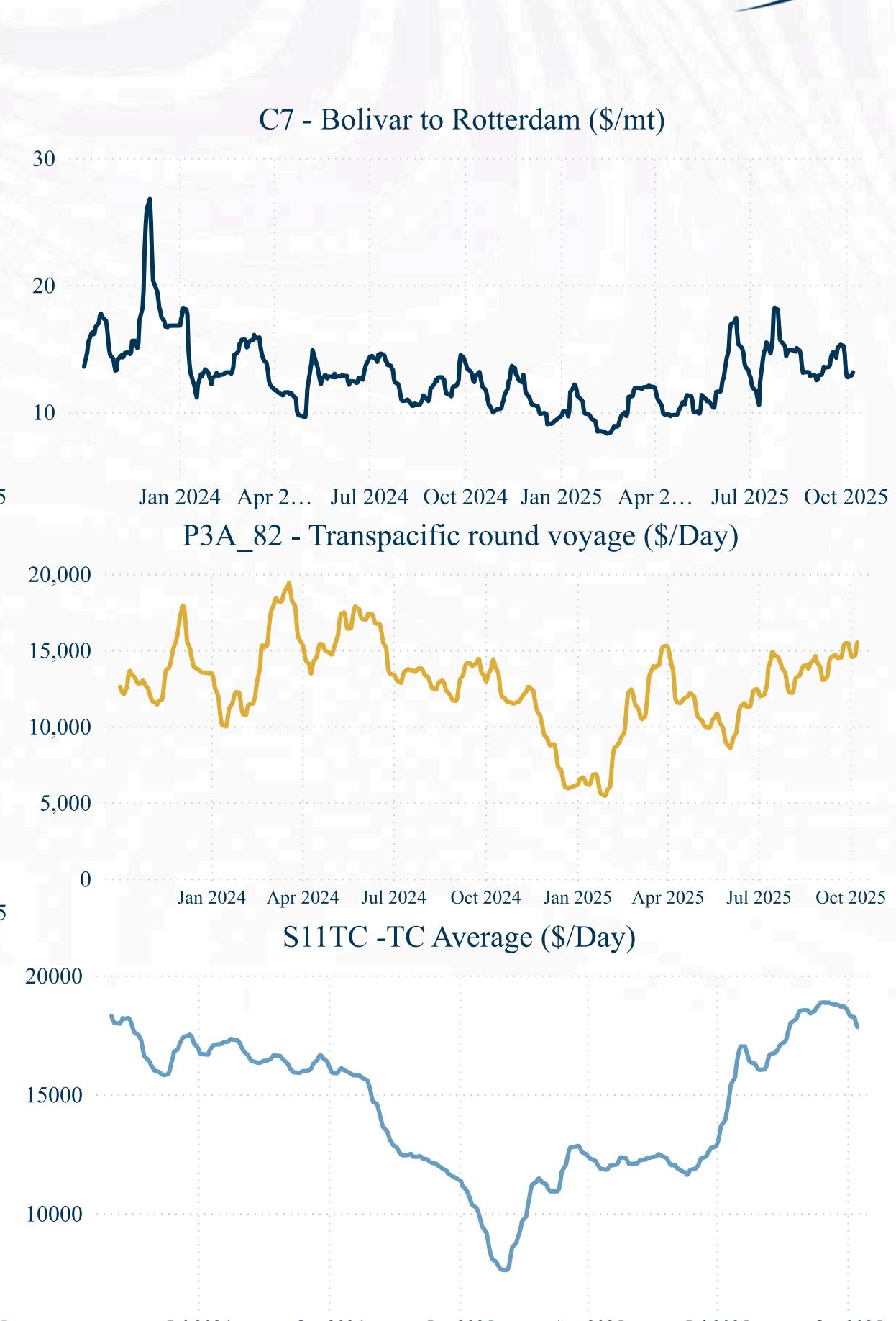
Jan 2024 Jan 2025 Jan 2026 Jan 2027
—— S10TC - - - · FFA Current - - · · FFA - 3 Months - - · · FFA - 6 Months

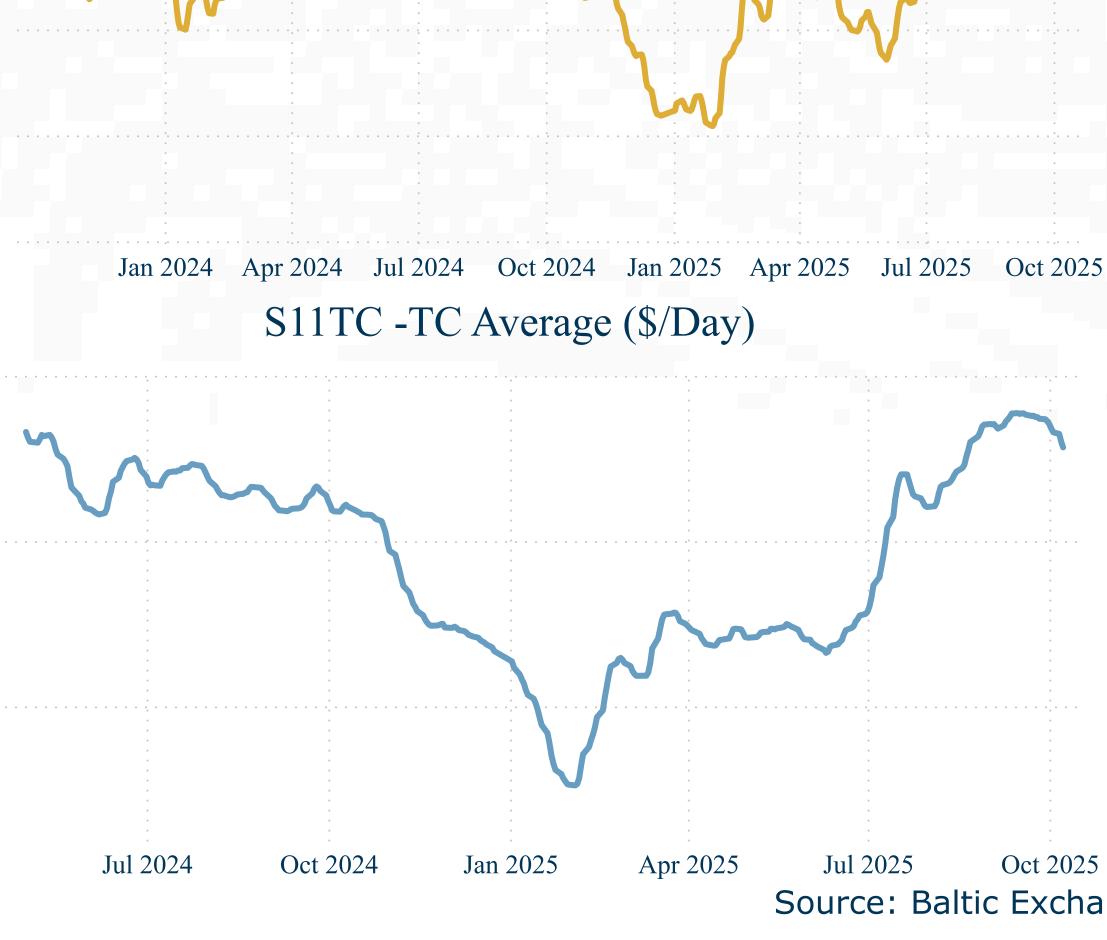
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Selective Routes





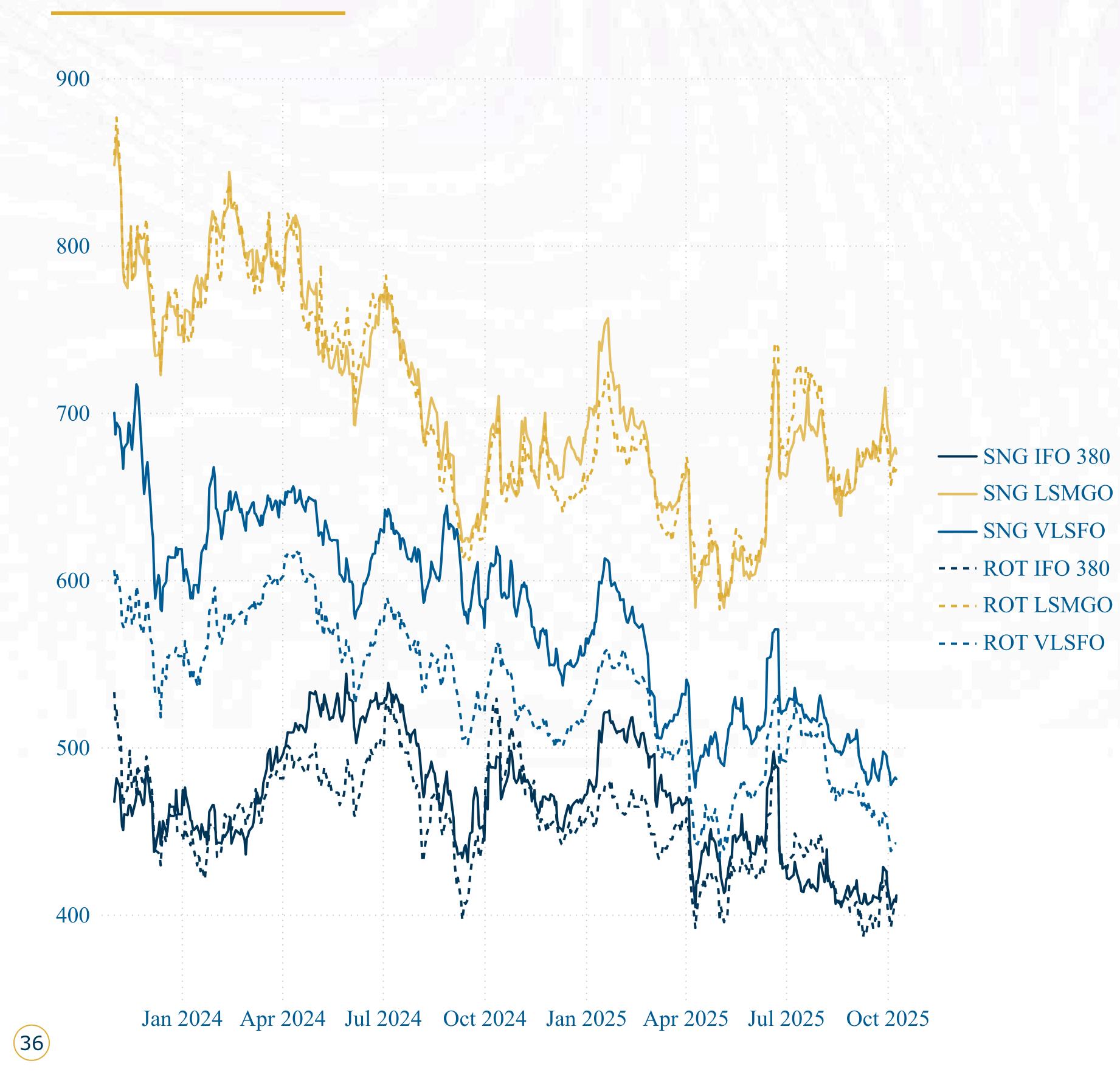


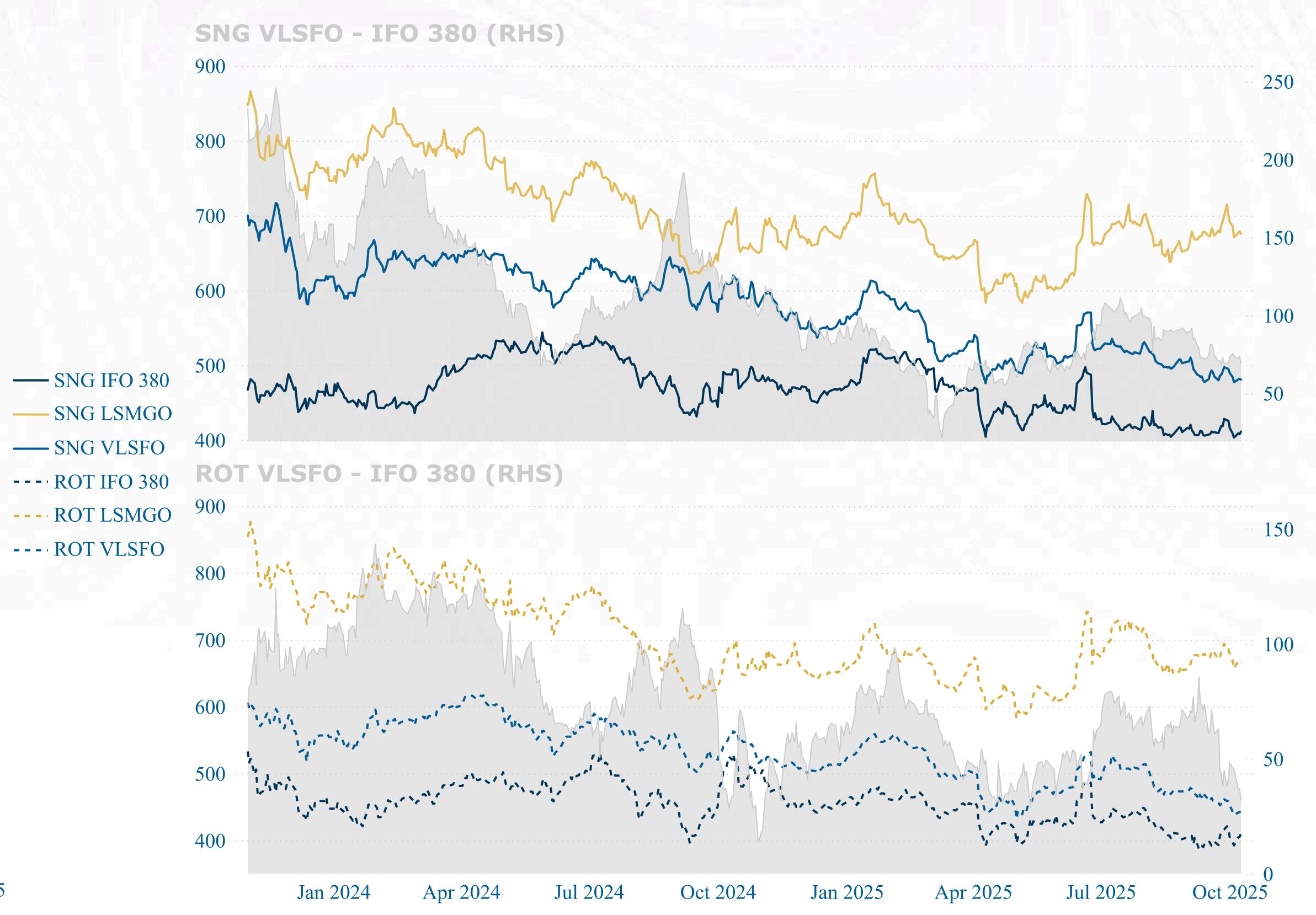


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Bunker Price





Source: ShipANDBunker

Research research@brsbrokers.com For more information please visit: www.brsshipbrokers.com